# Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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**Bellefonte Republican.**
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.


## EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

WHEN the President goes to Florida the alligators will be put on their good behavior.

IF this lamb-like weather continues the reputation of the ground hog will be ruined.

Many a man who has been in the country all the summer has gone back "done up brown."

DEMOCRATIC papers, don't worry and become excited. We accept James G. Blaine's letter as final.

THE Democratic National Committee has not yet decided on a place in which to hold the coming convention.

MR. SHERMAN now booms up as the most prominent candidate for the Republican nomination for President.

AN ordinary throat isn't of much account, but when it comes to the throat of the Crown Prince of Germany the whole world talks and reads about it.

FIRST, Gen Phil Sheridan and second Walter Q. Gresham are said to be Roscoe Conkling's preferences for President. We are surprised to know that Roscoe has such good sense.

IT is safe in saying that all the oil New Jersey ever produces will not be sufficient to illuminate the light-houses on its coast; geologically New Jersey is not built for petroleum.

SO CONFIDENT is the Lieutenant Governor of New York that Governor Hill is a candidate for President that he has presented himself to the public as a candidate for Hill's place as Governor.

WE see it stated that no fewer than 1,387 men and women committed suicide in the city of Chicago during the year 1887. This is at the rate of nearly four per day, the whole year through.

ACCORDING to the New Orleans *Cotton World*, cotton is no longer king, since the value of the corn and oats raised in the South last year amounted to $271,234,880, while that of cotton was $264,852,000.

PERHAPS Mr. Cleveland depends to some extent upon the experience which he gained in the art of hanging at Buffalo some years ago to assist him in hanging on to the Presidential chair for another term.

GEORGE W. CHILDS will not be the Republican candidate for President. Of course, we don't want to elect a gentleman who would refuse to accept a position to which he was elected. That's too much for a cent.

A WRITER in the New York *World* maintains that he has discovered a cryptogram in Mr Blaine's letter which distinctly says that Mr. Blaine will be a candidate in 1888. So hurtful to Democracy has Mr. Blaine been that everything he does is looked upon by it as loaded for its destruction.

THE window-glass workers want Congress to make no more tariff reductions on their product, for if it does their wages will suffer they say, and they quote the reduction in their pay consequent upon the last tariff reduction in support of their plea. This does not look as if tariff was for the benefit of the capitalist only.

THE Northern Central Railroad is one of the most prosperous of the great railroad corporations of the country. Its gross earnings last year were $6,212,627.27, leaving a surplus of nearly a million dollars after paying operating expenses and fixed charges. It is a great trunk line running through Pennsylvania from North to South, and emptying the products of the Lake region into the lap of Baltimore.

CHAIRMAN BARKER, of the Prohibition State Committee, estimates that his party will poll fifty thousand votes in Pennsylvania at the next election. Mr. Barker has taken hold of the Prohibition machinery in earnest, but his enthusiasm is as extravagant as it ever was. The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says there is no State in the Union in which Prohibition as a political principle has fewer followers, in proportion to the population, than Pennsylvania.

## A BOSS MAYOR.

Some time ago Maysville, Ohio, lost its mayor by death, and the town council elected a gentleman of the name of Garwood to fill his place. Forty-eight hours later Garwood resurrected an old ordinance closing the saloons at 10 p. m., and keeping them shut until 7a.m., and directed his police force, consisting of two men, to enforce it to the letter. In order that there may be no mistakes or evasion, the town bell is rung at 10 p. m., and the Mayor sees personally that the saloons, two or three questionable resorts, and the pool rooms promptly close up.

Less than a week later he unearthed another old ordinance, under the provision of which he ordered the instant arrest of all minors found in pool rooms or saloons at any hour, and directed that no minor under 16 years of age should be allowed on the street, after 3 p. m., unless on an urgent and legitimate errand or accompanied by a chaperon. The young people kicked vigorously, but two or three who disobeyed the order concluded, after a few hours in the village prison, to obey the powers that be and stay indoors. By this time the town was in an uproar and the population was divided.

Mayor Garwood did not seem to mind it, and turned his attention to the animal kingdom. He announced that any horse left tied for six hours in public without food or water should be cared for at the expense of the corporation and the animal sold to pay costs unless the owner paid the bill.

This was followed by a proclamation directing the police to inquire into the condition of any child found on the street inadequately or improperly dressed. If the parents were able to provide better things they must do so, otherwise the town would see to it, and give the parent an opportunity to pay for it by working on some public improvement. One woman gladly accepted an opportunity to nail boards on a plank sidewalk at $1.25 per day. Meetings were being held and resolutions passed. Threats were made, but the Mayor remained firm, and has just added to the excitement by ordering the arrest of every man on the streets after midnight no matter what his social or business standing, unless he account for his business at that hour. The Mayor publishes his proclamations in the country papers at his own expense, and says that as he swore to enforce the law, he proposes, by the eternal, to keep his oath.

THE Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says: It would be unjust to the Democratic leaders to say that they are oversanguine as to the result of the next election. Those who take a deep interest and pride in maintaining the supremacy of their party realize that they have no easy task before them, and that it will be necessary to present a well disciplined and unbroken front to the enemy. Some apprehensions are felt in certain quarters about the two Virginias. These two States are regarded by some as by no means safely Democratic, and unless a determined fight is made to keep them in line, it is thought they may be captured by the Republicans. That they are even regarded as doubtful by some was demonstrated at a recent consultation of the Democratic leaders held in this city. The situation in these two States was discussed at length, and it was admitted that the Republicans seem to be gaining ground there and assuming a threatening attitude.

IN announcing to his party that he cannot be a candidate for the Presidential nomination before the National Convention, Mr. Blaine's words are characterized by that accustomed dignity which is associated with his every act. He has frankly and fairly stated his position, has given his party full time to deliberately choose from its ranks that one whom it may desire to elevate as a standard bearer, and has spoken powerful words of encouragement to that party which he has so honored and which to-day honors and admires him. It is to be presumed that Mr. Blaine's words will be taken as final, as they are evidently intended to be, and the party may expect his aid and counsel in the campaign of 1888.

THE Inter-state Commerce Commission decided that railroads had a right to separate passengers according to their color, but that there must be no discriminations in accommodation on account of color. This is really against Southern railroads which frequently thrust all their colored passengers into a second-class coach called the Jim-Crow car when they have paid a fair that entitles them to first-class accommodations.

## THE ASTROLOGER'S FORECAST.

The prognostications of the astrologers for February promise for the United States a great prevalence of the fraud and crimes of dishonesty and of violence against life and the person, also much mortality from disease of the throat and chest. Railroads will be prosperous.

As to Europe, the planetary positions at the total eclipse of the moon, on the 28th ult., will soon be operating on the peoples of France, Italy and Germany. Calamities will fall on those countries; and there is too much reason to apprehend disastrous earthquakes about the 11th inst., especially in the south of France and Italy. The death of a famous man of the Latin race is also presignified. In our own country we shall witness great political excitement, strikes, riots and turbuence, for Mars is still in the sign Libra, and therefore in opposition to the ascending sign (Aries) of Old England. Yet, the revenue will improve.

Persons born on or near the 11th of February, or the 23d of July, or the 14th of August, are warned to safeguard their health and live quietly, especially avoiding speculation, this month and next. The 18th of this month will be a fortunate birthday anniversary for soldiers, surgeons, engineers and iron-workers. The opposition of Venus with Saturn on the 24th will bring trouble to persons whose birthday falls thereon; ladies are warned to exercise great prudence in all affairs. The 24th and 27th are both extremely unfortunate as birthdays or birthday anniversaries.

IT is rumored that Mr. Balfour will be retired from his position as Chief Secretary for Ireland and made leader of the majority on the floor of the House of Commons. The Cabinet has modified Mr. Balfour's policy by ordering that no Irish newspapers shall be prosecuted in the future for publishing reports of proceedings at proclaimed League meetings. Mr. Smith, the present leader of Tory commoners, has demonstrated his utter incapacity, and it is believed that promotion to the House of Lords would be quite to his liking. Friends of Mr. Balfour have repeatedly declared that Lord Salisbury's nephew would greatly prefer parliamentary leadership to Irish dictatorship, and that the one consideration which has prevented him from expressing his preference has been the ambition of Lord Randolph Churchill. If these be facts, it seems that there is good basis for the rumor; and the Home Rule phalanx may prepare for more bitter and more intelligent opposition than it has had at the hands of Mr. Smith and Speaker Peel.

CHAIRMAN TILLMAN, of the Congressional Committee to investigate the Reading Railroad and the strike, bore down heavily on the high salaried officers of that corporation the other day when they refused to answer questions relating to their pay. That corporation always has been noted for the enormous salaries it paid a large number of its officers, and then ground its employes down to starvation prices. Away back in the days of the brilliant Mr. Gowen big salaries were paid, and and an effort was made to keep them secret. But the report of the Master, when a legal investigation was instituted, smoked them out. The same secret policy is being observed under the present grinding administration. It was this which caused Chairman Tillman to speak so plainly. The public will applaud him for the rebuke he administered these imperious satraps.

FROM the Sunbury *Daily*: "Tell us not in mournful numbers that the town is full of gloom, for a man's a crank who slumbers in these bursting days of boom. Life is real, life is earnest, and the grave is not its goal; every dollar that thou turnest helps to make the old town roll. But enjoyment and not sorrow is our destined end or way; if you have no money, borrow—buy a corner lot each day! Lives of great men all remind us we can win immortal fame; let us leave the chumps behind us, and we'll get there just the same. In this world's broad field of battle, in the bivouac of life, let us make the dry bones rattle—buy a corner lot for wife! Let us, then, be up and doing, with a heart for every fate, still achieving, still pursuing, booming early, booming late."

## DICKINSON'S POSTAL POLICY.

Postmaster General Don M. Dickinson does not appear inclined to leave any doubts as to what he is there for. Some crude and impracticable ideas may have existed in the public mind that he was at the head of the Postoffice Department to keep the postal service in a high state of efficiency and to ensure the most rapid and correct transportation and delivery of the people's mails. Mr. Dickinson' however, has taken pains to correct any such misapprehensions and to surpass his predecessor's famous "offensive partisan" circular, by showing that his function is to direct political campaigns through the machinery of postoffices.

This is the evident deduction from Mr. Dickinson's course in the recent Congressional election in Michigan. The Federal officials were set to work there and while they did not carry the district, they with the aid of the labor element cut down the Republican majority so that Mr. Dickinson was highly gratified. Accordingly he sends a message of delight and congratulation to the "noble fellows" and "gallant patriots" who have fought the Democratic battle. It may be taken for granted that the "gallant patriots" will not feel any the less secure in their postoffices.

In the meantime complaints come up from all quarters of the Union of the faulty nature of the postal service. This is not a partisan cry, as some people affect to believe, but it is made by people and press without regard to party. The failures to deliver the mail promptly are the inevitable result of filling the service up with political workers and the displacement of experienced and tried employes But what does that matter to Postmaster General Dickinson, so long as the "noble fellows, splendidly led," cut down the Republican majority in banner districts to almost nothing.

Mr. Dickinson's message of political congratulation states that "the banner Republican district is not recognizable." Neither is the President's civil service reform policy, in the last year of his administration.

WHEN Mr. Randall inquired in the Democratic caucus on Wednesday whether the gentlemen present did not want to discuss the tariff as a question which might interest a Democratic caucus at this time, he was told by one of the Breckinridges, of the Ways and Means Committee, that he was entirely too anxious; that the tariff would keep. This is a great deal like the old Morrison business over again. It is very evident that the Free-trade Democrats are going to have their own way as long as possible. They will have it just as Morrison did, long enough to prepare a bill. Mr. Randall only needs to be patient. When that bill comes in he will have plenty of chance to discuss the tariff, but it is pretty clear that the Free-traders do not expect to get his support for their measure or they would not have allowed even a Breckinridge to snub him.

SPEAKER CARLISLE certainly did what he could to make the best possible out of a bad situation last week, allowed the corridors of the House to be occupied by the private offices of several New York stock brokers during the entire session, until an enterprising correspondent showed the thing up, then he at first denied their existence, then made them get out, and now he and particularly his friends for him, want to claim credit for bringing about a great reform by abolishing these places, that never existed before he was Speaker. Democratic officials are exceedingly virtuous when they can't help it, and they have cheek enough to make the most of it.

IT is remarked that while the Albany Legislature has used the insecure ceiling of its hall as an excuse for adjourning day after day without doing any work, the members appear to feel no apprehension after adjournment and remain in the room in social or personal employment; in fact that danger is apprehended only while the body is at its work. Without casting any reflection upon the New York Legislature it might be further remarked that arguing from their records there are not a few legislative bodies whose members would naturally have felt most apprehensive of some sudden calamity while engaged at their "work."

IT is worthy of notice that the counties of Michigan, under the local option law of that state, are voting prohibition one after another. At last reports 16 counties had voted, and the saloons had been voted down in every one of them. There are 19 other counties which will vote this month, and it is expected that nearly, if not all, will declare for county prohibition, and that by May 1st nearly half of the counties of the state will be under prohibitory law. It is claimed for this plan of assault upon liquor interests that the concentration of the saloon force is prevented thereby and this argument in many cases is not without much force.

### Not Only in Earnest But Making Headway.

Every doubt about the reality of Gov Hill's candidacy has, we believe, disappeared. Not in his own State solely, but in many States, his friends, guided by the Governor himself, are more or less active.

Mr. Cleveland sees it now, but it is said he is not at all concerned, which fact tends to favor the report that before long he will declare his intention not to be a candidate but to live faithful to the spirit of his letter of acceptance. While the Cleveland Democrats are active in a general way, Hill Democrats are working systematically and by methods that bear striking resemblance to the well known ones of his patron, the late Mr. Tilden.

In Chicago a Hill conference was held at the Palmer House Sunday last, the principle object being to convince the local brethren that Hill was a candidate and to put his supporters to work with vigor. Should Illinois send a Hill delegation it will be because there has been put in practice the old saying, the early bird catches the worm. Hill is a famous fellow to act on that plan.

Those Democrats who have been saying the party has no one to run but Cleveland are learning how erroneous that is. Hill's candidacy is not a particle more absurd than Cleveland's was when it was first started, and those who have paid attention will be ready to admit that he has made quite as great a headway as Cleveland had at the corresponding date four years ago.

THE recent action of Governor Gordon, of Georgia, in commuting the sentence of a woman sentenced to be hanged to imprisonment for life was responsive to public opinion against the barbarism of the scaffold, intensified no doubt by the fact that the culprit was a woman. There was some indignation at the act, but it proceeded from those who had counted on seeing a public hanging, a feeling that was all the more intense because the person that would be hanged was a woman. It stirred to the lowest the barbarism which is always to be found in every community.

THE Liberals have just won an astonishing victory in one of the divisions of London, a victory that has surprised them and dumbfounded the government. This is simply a sign of the impending downfall of the Tory rule and the triumph of Gladstonian idea of justice and fair play to all British subjects, Irish as well as English. No one who has read with any attention the history of the English people could doubt the eventual supremacy of those who stand for larger freedom.

SENATOR QUAY started for Florida Monday. He will go direct to St. Lucis, and expects to spend three weeks fishing for tarpon along the East coast; thence he will go to Punta Rosa on the West coast, where he expects to stay three weeks longer. He has secured a permanent pair on political questions with Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia. The senator takes this means of avoiding the possibilities of pulmonary troubles.

JUST now the papers are discussing the question as to whether General Sheridan was born in this country or in Ireland. The final settlement of it is an important one to the General, and the weight of opinion is decidedly in favor of the United States. We believe he was born in this country, because he seems just like a native American.

FLORIDA is having a greater number of visitors than ever before, the present number being put at 60,000, which represents, it is estimated, $6,000,000 left in the State. Colonies from the extreme Northwest are locating where blizzards are unknown, cyclones and other tropical characteristics not been feared. Nearly every part of the State is booming, the southern especially.

WHEN Grover Cleveland became President he was very strongly of opinion that one term of that office was all that a man should have. Three years incubency of the office has converted him to the belief that he at least should have two.

## GENERAL NOTES.

Mrs. James Foster, Punxsutawney, Pa., is a grandmother at the age of 32.

Bellbrook, O., has only 450 inhabitants yet 30 of them are each over 70 years of age.

—$500 reward offered for an incurable case by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

The oldest man in Massac county, Ill., died last week at the age of 110 His name was Nathaniel Jenkins.

John J. White, who died at Griffin, Ga., recently, was born, married and died on the seventh day of the month.

In some sections of Maine the doctors have been compelled to put on snow-shoes in order to make their rounds of visits.

Among the liveliest at a leap year party in Kansas was a gay bachelor of 71, escorted by a giddy maiden of 68 summers.

A divorce was granted to a Will county, Ill. couple recently within a few days of the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage.

Aunt Matilda Riley, of Raywich, in Nelson county, Ky., has just celebrated her 12[illegible] birthday. She is still spry and active.

A clubroom in Portland, Me., is said to be paved with $3,400 worth of old lottery tickets, not one of which ever drew a cent.

Two Nashville men went to law about a job of work that was worth about 75cts., and spent $7 000 before the matter was settled.

Portland boasts of a whist party, composed wholly of young ladies, that live up to its name. All but one of the members are dumb.

During the past 15 years, 110,341 marriages have been solemnized in Chicago and 8,132 divorces granted. This is a ratio of 1 divorce to every 14 marriages.

Five hundred men joined in foxhunt at Champaign, Ill. Sixteen square miles of territory were covered, and the net result was the capture of one tame fox.

James Debois, of Williamsbridge, N. Y., "challenges anyone in the world to a sleeping match of 142 hours; that is to see who can sleep the longest in a week."

A courtship that had been in progress 31 years terminated in marriage at Clinton, Ia., last week. It is supposed that the leap year privilege was exercised by the lady.

The case of May Gertrude Dunett vs. the city of Philadelphia was recently called for trial in the Quaker City Court of Common Pleas. The plaintiff is only 3 years old.

A Running Water, Neb., debating society after three hours' discussion of the question: "Resolved, that buzzards are more beneficial than lawyers?" decided in the affirmative.

A funny mistake was made by a Cincinnati paper. It stated that "Henry Cook, a blind man, was granted a license to fiddle," when in reality he was granted a license to peddle.

A railroad brakeman named Meredith fell under the cars near Terre Haute and four wheels passed over both his legs, but no bones were broken and the skin was only slightly bruised.

The latest musical prodigy to come into notice is little Vincent Emmet Kaup, of Taylorsville, Ind. He is 2½ years of age and sings in a clear, sweet voice any song that he has ever heard.

While a Paterson clergyman was at church a burglar plundered his residence, dressed himself in a suit of the minister's clothing and departed, leaving his own ragged garments behind.

Adrian, Mich., proposes to have a "hatchet concert" soon. The participants will all wear clothes of the George Washington period and try to instill a love of veracity, if possible, in the town.

The largest horse in the United States is owned by Mark Thode, of Mattoon, Ill. He is only 3 years old, measures 19 hands high, has gained 250 pounds in the last five weeks, and is still growing.

A swinging sign in front of a Chicago store bears the legend: "The Truth Spoken Here." See now how quick the St. Louis papers will say that the language will certainly be new to Chicago people.

A house in East Poultney, Vt., formerly a printing office, in which Horace Greeley is said to have learned his trade, is now used as a residence by an agent of the paper that Mr. Greeley so successfully founded

Danbury, Conn., comes proudly forward with a prodigy. Little Minnie Van Wert, of that town, is only 2 years of age, but knows her alphabet, is able to spell simple words and counts up to 100 readily enough.

A hen that is 12 years of age and gray headed is a featore of the Detroit poultry show. She laid 54 eggs last year and raised 17 chickens. Authorities on such matters state that hens rarely live more than four years.

On an examination paper of one of the lower classes in a New York private school the question was asked, "What is a karat?" A thoroughly practical little fellow wrote as an answer, "Something you put in soup."

Sitting Bull's Sioux name is Ta-tan-ka-i-yo-tan-ka. Ta-tan-ka is a "Buffalo bull," a "king of beasts," and i-yo-tan-ka means literally to sit down or to conquer. The real meaning of Sitting Bull is therefore "conqueror of the king of beasts," or king of kings.

# Poetry.

### MARY'S LITTLE LAMB.

REVISED VERSION.

Mary had a little lamb,
Its fleece was white as snow,
And built a little tariff pen
To keep it safe, you know.

But Roger Mills, he came along,
An ugly boy was he,
And smashed the little tariff pen
To let the lamb go free.

And in the night an English wolf,
As silent as a clam,
Came prowling around the broken pen
And killed the little lamb.

Then Mary went, but, hopeful, said
"I'll have it's wool at least!"
"And so you shall," said Roger Mills;
So said the ugly beast.

But when she went to get the fleece
The wolf was sitting on it;
"Come on," said he, "and get your wool,
I've fixed my price upon it."

So Mary traded with the wolf,
And roundly did she pay;
For that dear fleece she fed the beast
A twelvemonth and a day.

—*Springfield Union.*

## TO THE FARMERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A committee selected to consider and report upon several thousand letters received from individual farmers, agricultural societies, clubs and Granges regarding the influence of the tariff upon agricultural industry and the changes in tariff desired by farmers, find in this correspondence an opportunity never before presented, and one which they believe the farmers of the United States will not neglect, to promote legislation of the highest importance to farming interests. At no convention yet assembled have so many farmers spoken for themselves. At no gathering has the voice of so many through their various organizations, expressed their will regarding the duties on imports which affect their industry. The voice of thousands may now become the voice of millions, if farmers throughout the country give to the suggestions made the consideration and the support which we believe they merit.

The great majority of these letters express the conviction that the tariff, notwithstanding defects and omissions, has contributed powerfully to the growth and welfare of agriculture. An overwhelming majority of the writers realize that the protective system, by building up other industries, has enormously enlarged the demand for agricultural products. While increasing the demand, it has greatly diminished the number of those who would otherwise have been forced, for lack of other employment, to crowd into agriculture and to compete with each other in supplying that demand. It has helped to bring to this country nine million immigrants since its adoption, and during the past fifteen years not one in twelve of them have been farmers, farm laborers or shepherds; out of 6,000,000, more than 5,500,000 have been of other occupations. It has especially aided the development of manufactures and mining near the farms so that the safest and most profitable of all markets for farm products has been enlarged. Thus in the ten great farming States of the West, the increase in acres of improved land in farms from 1860 to 1880 was 160 per cent. A growth so remarkable could not have occurred without disasters to farmers, indeed, it would have been utterly impossible, if there had not been a far more rapid growth of other branches of industry. For during the same years, and in the same great farming States, the hands employed in manufactures increased 251 per cent., the wages paid to them increased 303 per cent., and the materials used in manufactures, bought mainly from farms, increased 389 per cent. The wages which manufacturing hands in these States had to spend, mainly in buying farm products, averaged $1.10 for each improved acre in 1880. The value of materials purchased for manufacture in these States, mainly from farms, averaged $4.02 for each improved acre in farms of those States in 1860, but had risen to $758 for each improved acre in farms in 1880. The following tables, prepared from census reports, verify these statements:

| | Farms. Acres improved land. 1880. | 1860. | Manufactures. Hands employed. 1880. | 1860. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ohio.. | 18,081,091 | 12,625,394 | 183 609 | 75,602 |
| Ind ... | 13,933,738 | 8,242,183 | 69,508 | 21,295 |
| Mich. | 8,296,862 | 5,474,296 | 77,291 | 23,190 |
| Ill ..... | 26,115 154 | 13,596,374 | 144,727 | 23,868 |
| Wis.... | 9,162,528 | 3,746,167 | 87,109 | 15,414 |
| Iowa.. | 19,564,541 | 4,792,792 | 28,872 | 6,207 |
| Minn. | 7,746,693 | 556,259 | 21,247 | 2,123 |
| Neb.... | 5,504,702 | 118,789 | 4,793 | 336 |
| Kan.... | 10,776,566 | 405,468 | 12,062 | 1,735 |
| Mo.... | 16,743,631 | 6.246,871 | 63 995 | 19,681 |
| Ten States. | 135,691,906 | 57,3 6,584 | 663,013 | 188,651 |
| | Increase 160 per cent. | | Increase 251 percent. | |

| | Manufactures. Wages paid 1880. | 1860. | Manufactures. Value material used. 1880. | 1860. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ohio.. | $62,103 800 | $22,302,989 | $215 834,256 | $69,800,270 |
| Ind ... | 21,960,888 | 6 31 ,335 | 10) 262 917 | 27,142,597 |
| Mich. | 23 313 682 | 6,735,0 7 | 92,500,269 | 17,635,611 |
| Ill..... | 87,429,085 | 7,637,921 | 289,843,907 | 3 ,558,782 |
| Wis.... | 18,814,917 | 4,268,7 8 | 85 796,178 | 17,187,334 |
| Iowa.. | 9,725,962 | 1,922,427 | 48,764,211 | 8,612 259 |
| Minn. | 8,613,094 | 712 214 | 66,660,681 | 1,904,070 |
| Neb... | 1,742,3 1 | 195,382 | 8,208,478 | 857,215 |
| Kan... | 3,995,010 | 890,846 | 21,453,141 | 8,612 259 |
| Mo..... | 24,200,716 | 6,669,916 | 110,798,392 | 23,849,941 |
| Ten States | $232,003,465 | $57,553,225 | $1,028,962,530 | $210,499,388 |
| | Increase 303 per cent. | | Increase 389 per cent. | |

The farmers see that the rapid increase of agricultural production here, which has been the wonder of the world, could not have occurred without ruining farm-owners and degrading farm labor, had not the still more rapid and more wonderful development of other industries been encouraged by protection. But the letters urge with great unanimity that farm as well as other labor needs direct defence, and for the same reason. For all American labor has in common the responsibilities and burdens of citizenship to bear. There is no justice in forcing it to compete at any point with the labor of serfs or slaves, crofters or coolies. The American worker rightly claims, with his position as a self-governing citizen, a measure of independence in his industry, of comfort in his home, of respectability in his circumstances, of education for his children, of time for acquiring information. These are rights. Their denial tends to undermine intelligent and self-respecting citizenship, and threatens the safety of the Nation. The defence of every home, against the conflagration which may destroy a neighbor's dwelling, is not more clearly a duty than the defence of the Nation's industry as a whole, against the industrial and commercial conflagrations which in modern times threaten the welfare of many Nations at once. As voters we cannot insure the wisdom of government in England or Germany; therefore as workers we are not bound to share calamities which mistakes made there produce. Recognition of this first duty of a Nation to its labor has caused protective tariffs to be multiplied and strengthened, until nearly all civilized Nations strive to guard their producers against external calamities, and even British colonies protect themselves against Great Britain. It would be strange indeed if this policy, which the splendid growth of this country has won other Nations to imitate, the United States should now abandon. But the farm-workers, since they are nearly as numerous as all other classes of workers together in this country, know that no loss or degradation can come to them without affecting all other labor as well.

With scarcely an exception the letters received point out that the tariff should have directly defended the industry of farmers in ways in which it has not. It should shield them, as completely as any branch of manufacture, from the spasmodic and destructive competition which the cheapness and degradation of labor in some other lands permit. When other industries are prostrated abroad, through unwise over-production or commercial calamity, or when reckless competition crowds down the wages of foreign labor, and the markets are deluged with goods at prices below their normal cost, defensive duties raise a barrier around other industries here, that their production may not be arrested and the wages of labor unnaturally depressed. But the barrier around farming industry, at all points relatively low, has many gaps, partly from early oversight and partly from mistaked revision within the past few years. Even at this hour, some important products of American farms are undersold in many of our cities and towns by the products of ill paid or unpaid labor. Onions from Spain and Egypt appear in the markets as far west as Chicago. Tobacco raised by coolies in Sumatra lessens the reward of American growers. Wool clipped by slaves, by convicts, or by creatures scarcely less degraded, stops wool-growing by an army of American farmers, and sends 6,000,000 sheep to the slaughter. Potatoes and cabbages by the cargo, from places where women work daily in the fields, come hither as ballast, with eggs by the shipload from Holland, cattle from Mexico, and barley from Canada. The home market, which the farmer defends for other labor, he must at some points fight for with his worst rivals. Debasing competition with the worst paid labor in the world, from which he helps to shield other industries, is suffered to beat down his rewards.

Thousands of farmers, therefore appeal, through the letters considered, to all other farmers throughout the country, to unite in demanding for their great industry, not only indirect benefits, but the fair measure of direct protection it deserves. They urge that fradulent or law-evading importations of cattle, tobacco and wool should be stopped; that duties on farm products should be so arranged as to give farmers more varied opportunities to secure fair returns; that heavy taxes now paid by consumers, of which farmers pay nearly half, should be repealed, since they are no longer needed for revenue; that the protecting arm of the government should be extended as well to farmers near the seaports and the Canadian or Mexican border as to those of the interior. Prostration of agriculture at any point involves overcrowding elsewhere. They bring together convincing arguments, offered by the farmers themselves, for the special recommendations which are prominent in the correspondence, and which seem to merit the support and indorsement of farmers generally, as follows:

1. The fraudulent importation of cattle for slaughter, across the northern and southern boundaries on pretence that they are for breeding purposes only and by law free of duty, should be effectually prevented.

2. The duty on barley should be raised to equal that on wheat, viz: 20 cents per bushel, with a proportionate increase in the duty on barley malt. Over 10,000,000 bushels of barley were imported during the last fiscal year, and probably over 13,000,000 during the last calendar year, while in 1886 the home production was 59,000,000 bushels. The regions in which it may be most profitably grown have their prices fixed in great markets which Canadian producers can reach by water, while most of our own producers cannot. The Canadian neighbors who seize American fishing vessels, in disregard of the reasonable interpretation of existing treaties, are the only people whom an additional duty on barley would disturb. To thousands of farmers near the border the opportunity to raise the crop in measurable safety from ruinous competition would be most welcome. To the argument that duties on cereals have no effect, it is a sufficient answer that wheat in Minnesota is worth 10 cents per bushel more than wheat across an imaginary line in Manitoba. The existing duties on other cereals are of practical benefit and should be maintained.

3. The duty on potatoes and market garden products, which at times can be brought hither in ballast in almost unlimited quantities, should be large enough to insure a fair defence to farmers near the seaboard and border. The farmer has to pay American, not foreign workers, to employ capable and independent workers and not mere slaves of the soil. Whenever there is a surplus in any other land fronting on the Atlantic, or when vessels coming to our ports find no paying cargoes, the farmer is likely to find his only markets gorged with foreign supplies, thrust upon buyers at less than the bare cost of production here. He cannot know when the season begins what quantities his market will demand of his products, for the quantities brought from abroad depend, not upon American wants, but upon the other cargoes offered ocean vessels or upon the crops abroad. Even when he loads his products for market, he cannot know what a ship may not arrive the same day with such quantities as to glut the market for a week. In one month, last November, there were imported 773,000 bushels of potatoes, averaging less than 31 cents per bushel. In four days of January the imports at New-York alone were 149,000 bushels, from Scotland 68,000, from Holland, Denmark, and Germany 13,000, and from other distant countries. Against such killing competition it is no wonder that American market gardeners do not thrive, and supplies for eastern cities and manufacturing centres are always liable to be scarce and dear, while agriculture is getting starved out of seaboard States. It is no wonder that the four States of New-York, Connecticut, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania each raised fewer potatoes than they did 28 years ago; in 1859 their product was 44,139,700 bushels, in 1885 only 39,576,000, and in 1886 and 1887 about the same. Nor is this the only product which has been made scarce for consumers by open doors to foreign producers and uncertainty for home production. Onions and cabbages, now free, are brought by vessels from great distances; thousands of crates in a single recent cargo of onions from Spain; about 1,000,000 bushels of beans and peas were imported within the year just closed; 90,000 tons of hay, even in a year when in every part of the country our own crop was full; and probably over 18,000,000 dozen eggs. The effect of these imports, coming without warning and at most irregular times, is to destroy the only home market left for more than half a million farmers near the seacoast. Cheap transportation makes them powerless to complete in many great products with Western farmers; ballast-bearing ships leave only a ferry between them and the worst paid labor of Europe. It is believed that all farmers throughout the country will unite to support the prayer of hundreds from seacoast and boarder States that a moderate protection be given in the only industry left them, that duties of 25 cents per bushel on onions and $2 per 100 on cabbages, 30 per cent on fowls and poultry and on "vegetables in natural state or in salt or brine not otherwise provided for," 5 cents per dozen on eggs, 20 per cent on beans and peas, $3 per ton on hay, 10 cents per pound on hops and 25 cents per bushel on potatoes, be imposed; and that no duty on market garden products now dutiable be removed or reduced. It is further recommended that wherever duties are needed to defend fruit-growers near seacoast or border against the hurtful influence of foreign competition, such duties be imposed, and that the Oleomargarine law be supported and inforced, as well for the protection of consumers as for the defence of producers.

More than 1,000,000 tons of flax straw goes to waste or is burned in Western States, worth, if prepared, $26,000,000, while we pay $16,000,000 to foreign makers for linen goods, besides duties amounting to $5,500,000 which the Government does not want and which almost wholly fail to encourge the linen manufacture. The committee believes, as many farmers ask, that the duties on flax should be raised, with the duties on linen goods manufactured from flax, to such a point as to afford effectual encouragement both to the preparation of the fibre and to the manufacture of the goods. Home manufacture has made cotton goods cheaper here than they are abroad, and the woolen goods most largely worn quite as cheap here as in any other country, and silk goods 30 per cent cheaper than they were in 1860, but the linen manufacture has never been encouraged by similar duties. The market has been left to the foreign producers, and linen goods are therefore 35 per cent. dearer here than abroad. The only way to secure permanent cheapness is to develop at home the manufacture to use up the fibre already produced at home, but now wasted.

5. No less than 279 of the 326 farmers who refer at all to the duties on sugar ask the abolition of those duties. They state with truth that these duties take from the people $58,000,000, of which the farmers pay about half; that the Government does not need the revenue; and that, though millions have been paid each year to encourage sugar-growing in Louisiana, the average yield for ten years before the war was 300,000 hogsheads, and it has never been as large in any subsequent year. Then 37 per cent. of the supply was from home plantations; now not one pound in ten of the entire supply is produced in this country. Last year out of fifty-one pounds per capita consumed, over forty-seven were of foreign growth. German bounties to home producers have proved far more effective; the increase in German production in only eight years would supply half the entire consumption of this country. It is officially reported that the problem of economic production of sugar from sorghum has at last been solved. It is therefore recommended that the duties on sugar and molasses be abolished, but that a bounty be paid to sugar-producers of our own country. If it develops a great industry, as the bounty has in Germany, the people will be richly repaid; if it does not the money will not be taken from the Treasury, and the consumers have saved more than $50,000,000 each year.

6. The producers of tobacco do not ask any increase of duties, but they earnestly desire that the fraudulent importation of coolie-grown tobacco, by which their industry has been rendered unprofitable, may be stopped by more precise language in defining the classes to which existing duties were meant to apply. Since 1883 the price of American leaf tobacco has been unjustly depressed, and from twenty-five to forty per cent of the production in some States has been stopped, by the large importation of the type commercially known as "wrappers," so prepared and packed as to evade the present duty on wrappers and to be admitted as "other manufactured leaf" tobacco. Prepared by coolie labor in Sumatra, at wages from 7 to 10 cents per day, this tobacco is so carefully selected and assorted after fermentation that 4,000,000 pounds imported takes the place of 15,000,000 pounds of American leaf, about 40 per cent of the entire product of wrappers, and though in fact a highly manufactured article, it is fraudulently imported as raw material. Inferior, because of its bitter flavor, to the American leaf displaced, it is preferred only because of its cheapness, and if this country excludes coolies by law, can it justly permit the product of their labor to drive American leaf growers out of the business, and with them a large part of the highly skilled labor of the farms and the cigar manufactories? The growers therefore ask that the law be so worded that leaf tobacco, any part of which is suitable for and commercially known as wrappers, shall pay, if not stemmed, 75 cents per pound; if stemmed, $1 per pound. They moreover urge that the internal tax on tobacco, which is no longer needed and which burdens consumers and limits the consumption, be repealed.

7. The wool growers have especial reasons at this time to appeal to their brother farmers for support. At a time when their industry is depressed, as it hardly ever has been before by foreign competition, permitted by a reduction of duties in 1883, by Treasury rulings since, and by systematic frauds in foreign ports, the President proposes in his annual message the repeal of all duties on wool. In the two years before the change of duty, and in the past two years, the imports for consumption were as follows:

| *Year.* | Quantities. | Duties. |
|---|---|---|
| 1881 | 67,416 967 | 7.20 cts. |
| 1882 | 63,016,769 | 6.11 cts. |
| Average 2 years | 65,216,868 | 6.61 cts. |
| *Year.* | Quantities. | Duties. |
| 1886 | 107,910,549 | 4 75 cts. |
| 1887 | 1 4,404,174 | 5 16 cts. |
| Average 2 years | 111,157,361 | 4 95 cts. |

Under the efficient protection the production of wool rose from 60,000,000lb in 1860 to 308,000,000lb in 1884, the year after the change of duty. It has since declined to 285,000,000lb in 1886, and according to estimates of the Agricultural Bureau to 265,000,000lb in 1887. Meanwhile the stocks of domestic wool unsold at the close of 1887 are greatly increased; 31,974,000 pounds are on hand, an increase of 6,620,157 pounds, at Boston alone. To the mischief done by reduced duties there is added, first, the great fraudulent importation of Donskoi and other washed wool, under pretence that it is unwashed, a systematic fraud by which the United States Consul at Odessa reports to the State Department that the Government has been defrauded for years, and of more than $15,000,000 in duties. Each pound of foreign wool thus fraudulently imported, already scoured and shrunken, takes the place of two to four pounds of American wool in natural condition.

The imports of woollen rags, shoddy, mungo, waste and flocks rose to 4,902,381 pounds last year. In 1882, when the duty was 12 cents per pound, the imports were only 917,621 pounds. The reduction of duty to 10 cents is not the chief cause. The Treasury epartment decided that articles must be admitted for duty under the classes by which they were commercially known. The manufacturers in Europe proceeded to manufacture a finely prepared article which they caused to be commercially known as "ring waste." In condition and value superior to the finest secured wool, on which the duty is 60 cents per pound, manufactured in great quantities for the express purpose of evading American duty, it is admitted under the ruling of the Department as waste at only 10 cents per pound duty. This ruling, moreover, has been sustained by a decision of the United States Court at Philadelphia, and it effectually destroys a large measure of the protection which the reduced tariff was intended to give wool growers. In like manner, decisions admitting worsted mixtures as being, not woollen cloth, but as worsted manufactures, have greatly increased the imports at low duty of fabrics which take the place of home manufactures from American wool. Thus 30,799,035 pounds of woollen goods and waste, dutiable by the pound, were imported in 1887, against 15,588,998 pounds in 1883, and each pound displaces more than one pound of American wool.

The wool growers who appeal to other farmers throughout the country show that the prostration of their industry is imminent; that they number more than one million, and if forced to give up wool growing must devote their land to other branches of agriculture in which competition is already severe enough, that the prostration of the manufacture would also deprive American farmers of a considerable part of their home market, and that, with woolen goods worn by nine-tenths of the people as cheap now as in any other country, quality considered, the consumers have only to pay higher prices if the enormous consumption of this country is to be supplied wholly or in part by foreign looms. They therefore ask a united effort of all farmers to obtain from Congress such action that this industry may receive the substantial protection enjoyed under the tariff of 1867; that the dividing line between wools paying the highest and those paying the lowest rate of duty be reduced proportionately to the reduction in the price of foreign wool; that washed wool of all classes be subject to twice, and scoured wool to three times the duties on unwashed wool; that mixed wool be charged the highest rate of duty to which any portion of the mixture would be subject, without regard to its commercial name; that the law be so amended as to prevent the admission of clothing wools at the rate charged on carpet wools, and that the rate on rags, shoddy, mungo and waste be such as will effectually discourage their importation.

The committee believes that it is time for the farmers of this country to act together with great earnestness and determination for the defence of their interests. It is therefore recommended that all farmers' organizations and individual farmers take into serious consideration the measures suggested and that all who approve them sign and forward, through their Senators or Representatives in Congress, petitions to Congress agreeing in spirit with that appended.

PETITION FOR MORE EFFECTUAL PROTECTION OF AGRICULTURE.

*To the Speaker of the House of Representatives:*

The undersigned respectfully pray that agriculture may be more effectually protected, by preventing fraudulent importations of cattle on pretence that they are for breeding only;

By a duty of 20 cents per bushel on barley, with proportionate increase of duty on malt;

By duties of 25 cents per bushel on potatoes and onions, $2 per 100 on cabbages, $3 per ton on hay, 10 cents per pound on hops, 20 per cent on beans and peas, 5 cents per dozen on eggs, 30 per cent on fowls and poultry and on "vegetables in their natural state or in salt or brine, not otherwise provided for," with no removal or reduction of duties on market garden products now dutiable;

By such increased duties on flax and on linen goods as will effectually encourage the preparation of fibre and manufacture of goods;

By abolishing all duties on sugar, with a bounty to home producers;

By preventing imports of leaf tobacco suitable for wrappers at the duty imposed on other leaf tobacco, and repealing all internal taxes on tabacco;

By restoring to wool growing the substantial protection enjoyed under the tariff of 1867, so modified as to meet the later forms of foreign competition and of evasion.

### All Sorts.

A Belgian scientist says salt is conducive to longevity. And yet some people persists in being fresh.

"Turn about is fair play," as the man remarked when he got worsted in a fisticuff fight and scooted for shelter.

The length of time a large turkey will last in a small, economical family recalls the scriptural widow with the vessels of oil.

American fruits and dainties are all the rage in Paris, and the most fashionable dinner without them is regarded as incomplete.

A school for instruction in the art of carving in Paris has over three hundred pupils, nearly half of whom are said to be ladies.

In making the hotel sponge cake there does not appear to be the smallest difficulty in getting the "sponge" for a foundation.

"What shall we drink with terrapin?" asks an exchange, trying to decide a question. What's the matter with any kind of extra dry?

There is complaint of the gastronomic monotony of the average public banquet, now that the feasting season is gradually drawing to a close.

In old times they used to be called red head ducks, but now on the fashionable bill of fare the reading is like this: "Canards, a Tete-Rouge."

Minister—Well, Bobby, do you think you will be a better boy this year than you were last? Bobby (hopefully)—I think so, sir; I began taking cod liver oil last week.

An Indiana paper recently printed the proceedings of council and headed it "burglar meeting," instead of "regular meeting." Perhaps it was not so much a slip of the pen after all.

An investigator asserts that the word blizzard is a hundred years old. With the additional knowledge that the thing itself is some thousands years old, it is some comfort to the present age to reflect that neither the fact nor the name of it is produced by modern progress.

Morning Mysteries.—Omaha Dame: "Do you know what time it was when you got in last night?" Husband: "Nearly one o'clock, I guess. It was after midnight when I got through balancing my books. Well, well! This is curious; here's my hat under the bed. I must have hung it on this chair, and it fell down." "Probably." "Where are my boots?" "On the hat rack."

"I say, Sprigstein, I don't hear you howling round so much now about anarchy, socialism, division of property, and all of them modern inventions. What's come over you?—don't it pay?" "Vell, you see, Shorty, the shircumstanshes vas schanged a leetle. My onkle in Owstralia he died last week, unt I shust get vord as he leefe me tree tousand dollar. You don't peleefe I divite it mit deese fellers—schkarsely!"

In the village of L——, a minister one Sunday, when about to publish the banns of marriage, discovered he could not find the names. Not wishing to make a long pause, he repeated, "I publish the banns of marriage between—." Still no signs of the paper, he began again, "I publish the banns of marriage between—." Still no paper could be found. He began once more, "I publish the banns of marriage between—." The beadle, wishing to enlighten him as to where the paper containing the names was, cried out, to the congregation, "Atween the cushion and the desk, sir."

Chicago, the convention city, is anxious to get both the big political conventions of the year in order to let her telegraphers eclipse even their phenomenal record of four years ago. During the last conventions twenty-two picked men were in the convention hall, and they sent out 1,500,000 words per day, an average of 65,000 words an hour, and 10,000 columns of ordinary newspaper type in the twenty-four hours. It remains to-day the greatest telegraphing feat ever performed in any office in the world.

Temporarily embarrassed. Little Fuddlekins trying to explain to Mr. P. how that long blonde hair managed to attach itself to his left shoulder. Mrs. P. has hair of a shoe blacking tint.

First Party—Say, Jones, who is that tall, angular and extremly thin woman talking to Bicks? Second Party—Why, that's his wife. First Party—You don't say so! Well I think if I were Bicks I would have her upholstered.

*Medical, Etc.*


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### A Word to the Colored Voters.

The following was written by a colored citizen of Bellefonte, and as it contains wise and timely advice we are glad to publish it:

We, as the colored voters of Centre county, should endeavor to work hard for the party, that many of our most sensible members have attached themselves to, viz., the Republican party. How many of us say we are Republicans and claim that we vote the entire ticket, and when election comes around lay aside the Republican ticket for one of the other party and a few dollars. We don't blame a colored man for being a Democrat. Oh, no—that is, if he is one from principle. If he thinks that party is the one he ought to identify himself with, then I say—brother, you are right. But, on the other hand, if he is a bought Democrat—if he will allow a few silver dollars to entice him to become a Democrat—then is when we say you are wrong. And again, how many are there of us who will take their ballots, if they be the Republican ones, and before they reach the polls will split them or scratch some name on the ticket and place on one of the other party; and I say to those of you who make this a practice year after year—how can you tell whether you are Democrats or Republicans? We should be either one or the other (go the whole hog or none), and then we could show what we are from principle. So allow me to say to you who compose the colored vote of Centre county—Look well to your manhood. Don't allow yourselves to be bribed for a few dollars or be promised a few.

Why is it we want our names to go before the people as men who have placed ourselves in a position that will permit a party to control our ballots to suit themselves? No, no; we want to exercise our rights. We want to use our influence in the matter of casting our ballots, instead of being in the power of the people. So let me urge you to stick well to your party and your ticket and you will find that your future prospects will be greater. In the coming election let us look well before we leap. Let no man who don't belong to your party tamper with you in regard to changing your opinions. Let us stick well together and see that we are represented on the ticket as well, and see if we cannot be recognized as tax payers and voters. So let us put our shoulders to the wheel and stand together as one man, and by uniting ourselves we may in the future become more as one party and not two.

H. Wm. C.

### Three Runaway Freight Cars.

On Friday afternoon three cars loaded with limestone started on the incline on the Lemont railroad and went off on a journey by themselves. Their speed increased every instant and they came through town at the rate of a mile a minute. They rushed around the curve and over the bridge safely and passed the "switch" without running off the track, or running over anyone. Mr. Geo. Brouse, the flagman, saw the runaway cars and prepared to climb on and do what he could to stop them. He was, however, on the wrong side of the track and slipped down the bank into the creek, where the water filled his gum boots and prevented him from regaining the bank until the cars had passed. Mr. Charles McLaughlin, who is not in any way connected with the railroad, but has been a railroad man, climbed on with agility, and at once applied the brakes. He succeeded in stopping the cars by the time they reached Gerberich, Hale & Co's mill. An engine was on the railroad near the tank, which drew the cars back. All things considered, the runaway trip was remarkable in the fact that no one was hurt, Mr. McLaughlin deserves praise for his skillful efforts in stopping the train, as otherwise they would have gone all the way to Milesburg and might have done great damage.

### Fatal Accident on the Railroad.

A distressing and fatal accident occurred on the Buffalo Run railroad on Friday afternoon. Clyde, the fifteen year old son of Mr. Thomas Johnson, of Coleville, was riding on the tank of the engine, when it collided with a freight car. Clyde's legs were hanging over the end of the tank and were caught between the bumpers when they came together. Both of the legs were crushed. The boy was taken to his home, near Cole's store, and Drs. Harris and Seibert summoned. They gave him the very best surgical attention, but the injuries were too severe for him to survive them and he died about 6 o'clock p. m., not more than three hours after the accident. The funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

THE CAUSE OF DEATH.

Dr. Harris tells us that the boy's death was caused by the shock occasioned by the injuries. His right leg was crushed to a jelly and the bones of his left leg were broken in two places. He did not revive after the accident.

—The Bellefonte Silver Cornet Band Band is meeting regularly for practice and is making the most satisfactory progress. The new teacher, Mr. Scull, seems to understand not only the science of music but also the way to impart his knowledge to others. In a short time Bellefonte will discover the fact that she possesses a very superior band, the material of which it is composed being exceptionally good. Bellefonte has so long been without an institution of this sort that the citizens had an idea the possession of a band was an impossibility, but now that a few have put their heads and their horns together the result is a first-class band of which the town may be proud.

### Funeral Ceremonies.

Hundreds—yea, thousands of times—during the past quarter of a century the late Joseph Alexander Rankin has sat in the Presbyterian Church to listen to what was to him the "bread of life." It was his joy to repair to the sanctuary. Though towards the last his hearing was so imperfect that much of what was said was not understood by him, yet he came down from God's house spiritually strengthened and refreshed.

How appropriate, then, to convey his body there for the last ceremonies of respect which loving relatives could pay it here. Many friends assembled in the church and mourning relatives followed the body as it was conveyed up the centre aisle by Messrs. Stuart Lyon, Robert McKnight, E. C. Humes, J. J. Lingle, John B. Linn and John Potter—all gray-haired men except the one last named.

Rev. William Laurie, D. D., conducted the service, assisted by Rev. W. O. Wright, of Milesburg. The choir rendered tender, beautiful music, appropriate in sentiment to the occasion, Rev Dr. Laurie read from the Scripture and Rev. Mr. Wright offered an earnest prayer. Rev. Dr. Laurie chose for his text words from Revelation 14: 13—"Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord from henceforth." From it he drew a train of thought comforting in its character and inspiring in sentiment. He spoke of the old men in the church and how rapidly they are passing away. In laying away to rest an innocent child there was mingled with the compassion for loving friends a feeling that blessing unutterable had come to the innocent one; such a feeling was present as he performed the same duty for one who though all his life had walked hand in hand with his Saviour. Rev. Mr. Wright, long a friend of the family, followed in remarks on the same subject, emphasizing the fact that the distinctive Presbyterian belief in this instance gave him joy—that saints do immediately pass into glory.

The church faces the street which leads to the City of the Dead, and thence the procession took its way.

—It is with regret we state that there were no elocutionary exercises in the High School on Friday afternoon. The school usually has such exercises and they are of an interesting character. While we are on this subject we desire to ask why it is that the primary schools do not have such exercises once a week, for we know that some of them do not. To us a school which omits such exercises is an anomaly as such an omission was not known in schools which we attended when young. Every teacher should have essays and recitations, no matter how youthful the pupils may be. Nothing else more thoroughly arouses the interest of the pupil. In some of the schools there is a listlessness and deficiency of interest on the part of the pupils attributable to this cause. It should be a source of pride for the teacher to appeal to every instinct of the child where taste and culture are evinced, and in the exercises mentioned the most pleasing and satisfactory results are seen. There is no exercises more beautiful than for a small child to recite choice words of proze or poetry and it is a world of education for the little one. In addition to the mental effort put forth, the words and sentiment become part of the young life. Methods of education may have improved in some respect, though we confess that we fail to see it in the results accomplished; and we shall certainly consider it a step backward if these exercises are abandoned.

### Re-arrested.

Officer Gares made an arrest on Friday night of the bum tinker, named William Kelley, who broke jail here in April of last year. He is the man who thrust the turnkey aside when the door was opened and rushed from the jail. He was then serving a six months term of imprisonment for resisting the officers. He is changed in appearance having grown whiskers all over his face since his escape. But some one recognized him and as Officer Gares was passing down High street he also recognized the man. Kelley seemed to recognize the officer and pulled his hat down over his eyes to avoid detection. Before he knew it, however, the officer had bracelets on his wrists. The man swore, but marched off without resistance. He was committed to jail.

—The ladies of the M. E. Sabbath-school will hold a fair and festival in the parlors of the Hale residence, on Allegheny street, now occupied by Mr. J. M. Bell, on Thursday evening, March 1. Proceeds for the benefit of the school. In the meantime, contributions will be received at the store of Mr. H. H. Schroyer.

### Death of an Aged Gentleman.

After a long and severe illness Mr. Isaac Odenkirk, of Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, died on Friday night. He was the father of Mrs. J. A. Aikens, of this place, and a brother of Mr. John Odenkirk, of Old Fort, this county.


*Miscellaneous.*

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## MT. VERNON'S SUFFERERS.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE ASKED IN THEIR BEHALF.

**Preparations to Provide Shelter for the Homeless—Plenty of Provisions, but No Money—An Old Man Pinioned and Roasted.**

MOUNT VERNON, Ills., Feb. 22.—Adjt. Gen. Vance and Dr. Rauch arrived here at 11 o'clock, and immediately met the citizens' committee and arranged to have forwarded immediately a number of shelter tents for the use of the homeless until permanent quarters can be furnished for them. For the convenience of many without homes, the Air Line and the Louisville and Nashville railroad put specials on the railroad to carry such as chose to go to friends in neighboring towns during the night and return during the day. A message was received from Governor Ogelsby, asking the advisability of issuing a proclamation for aid. He said if no answer was received soon he would call upon the people of the country for contributions of clothing, groceries and money. As there is plenty of clothing and groceries on hand, and the dealers show a willingness to come generously to the front, the members of the committee are more desirous for cash contributions than other aid. There are many persons who believe that all the people have not been taken from the ruins, and many point to Crew's block as a funeral pile, from which the remains of three or four unknown may yet be taken. The upper stories of this building were used as a boarding house, and it was much frequented by railroad men, who stopped but for a day. A great effort was made in this building to release old man Murray, but he was pinned by the head and hips in such a manner that he could not be moved. His cries were piteous as the flames crept upon him and literally roasted him to death. His charred remains were taken from the cellar of the bank at 10 o'clock in the morning. At midnight the streets were deserted, save a few watchmen who patrol the streets and clamber over the debris, which has been only partially cleared from the walks or propped up by beams. A small force has been at work all day and order is now coming out of chaos.

The first excitement is now over, and the people of this stricken city have been able to determine the extent of damage done by the cyclone. The sufferings and hardships that the future may have in store for these who, in an instant, beheld their homes swept away by the demon of the air and their loved ones killed beneath the ruins cannot be computed or estimated.

The list of killed, fatally injured and seriously hurt is officially reported as follows: Killed, 37; fatally injured and dying, 8; seriously injured, but may recover, 40; wounded, but in no danger, 67.

About 360 houses were destroyed, and fully 2,000 people are homeless. The first hurried estimate, that placed the loss at $1,000,000, was about correct, and it will fully equal that sum. Again this morning the weary and solemn tramp of funeral processions is heard. All of the funerals are conducted in the most simple way—indeed it would be almost impossible to have any special ceremonies.

### Governor Oglesby's Proclamation.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Feb. 22.—Governor Oglesby issued the following proclamation upon being notified of the condition at Mount Vernon:

To the People of the State of Illinois:

A great calamity has fallen upon the city of Mount Vernon, Jefferson county, in our state. On Sunday afternoon a cyclone swept over that city leaving death, devastation and ruin in its track; advices up to this time state that more than thirty persons were killed, 100 severely and some fatally wounded and 1,000 of its citizens are left homeless and destitute. A calamity such as this falling suddenly upon a peaceful people at this inclement season of the year must of necessity inflict serious and distressing loss and misery.

Such a misfortune cannot but appeal to the deepest sympathy of a generous public, and to that public, in the name of the whole people of the state, I without hesitation appeal for immediate aid and encouragement. It is well known that the general assembly places no appropriation at the disposal of the executive to be used on occasions like this.

I therefore request mayors of cities and all religious and all charitable associations, societies and organizations to lend a helping hand in this hour of sorrow and distress by assisting in raising contributions for the relief of those people.

All subscriptions in money or other supplies will be forwarded to George W. Evans, chairman of the local finance committee, Mount Vernon, Jefferson county, Ills.

RICHARD J. OGELSBY, Governor.

State of Illinois, Executive Office.

### A Pursuing Officer Killed.

LURAY, Va., Feb. 22.—Intelligence has just reached here of a fatal shooting affray which occurred on Saturday, in Madison county, near the top of the Blue Ridge, a few miles from the Page county line. A man named Thomas, confined in jail on a charge of bigamy, made his escape. Deputy Sheriffs Pres Finks, Thomas Finks and Dodson were sent to rearrest Thomas, who had taken refuge in a house with three other men, two of whom were also named Dodson. On nearing the house the officers were fired upon and Deputy Sheriff Dodson was killed. The other two succeeded in capturing the four men and lodged them in jail at Madison Court House. The two Dodsons are said to be cousins of the man who was killed.

### Tascott Seen In Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 22—Detective Moynihan, who says he knows young Tascott, the murderer of A. J. Snell, claims to have seen that individual in Omaha Sunday night. He says Tascott attended the Eden Musee in the evening, and was just leaving the building in a big crowd when he was recognized by Moynihan, but before the latter could push through the crowd and arrest him he had disappeared and no one had been able to obtain any trace of him since.

### Drunken Tramps Run Over.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 22.—The Shore Line freight, Conductor Simmons, ran over four tramps under the East Street bridge. All of them were drunk. One had both legs broken and sustained other injuries which will probably prove fatal. The names of but two of them were ascertained, namely: Owen McMullen, of this city, and Michael Costello, of Waterbury.

### Small Interest in John Brown, Jr.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—So little interest was felt in John Brown, Jr., son of "Old John Brown," that, despite the elaborate advertising, only five persons attended the lecture he was announced to deliver, and he refused to speak.

### Miss Josie Holmes Out of Jail.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22.—Pretty Josie Holmes was released from jail, the court having granted a nolle prosequi in the matter of the indictment found against her because of her part of the Fidelity Bank affair.

### Strikers Return to Work.

RANDOLPH, Mass., Feb. 22.—The Knights of Labor employed in the shoe factory of George H. Burt & Co., who have been on strike since the 8th inst., returned to work.

## A RELIC OF THE ROLLER RINK.

**The Handsome Wife of a Manufacturer Elopes with a Young Man.**

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 22.—It is now learned that the names of the eloping couple who have created such a social sensation are Mrs. D. Erastus Corning and D. Morris Kurtz. Mrs. Corning is the young and handsome wife of the son of a rich shoe manufacturer, and Kurtz is the correspondent of a Syracuse paper. The runaway took place on Saturday afternoon, the couple coming to Syracuse, where the abandoned husband and father of the woman followed them. The aid of the police was asked, and they were found in a house on East Pagette street, but the police did not dare to act without warrants. The elopers escaped somewhere, and the last heard of them is at Fayetteville, where the detectives hope to catch them. The mother-in-law of Mrs. Corning says that all her son's jewelry is missing. It is probable that Mrs. Corning contemplated this act for some time, as it is known that she shipped nearly all her effects at different times to her lover's rooms in Syracuse. Kurtz is an old admirer of Mrs. Corning, and when the skating craze was at its height they were seen together very often at the rink.

### The Elopers Captured.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 22.—A young couple arrived here from Syracuse, who immediately proceeded to the Frazier house, where they registered as D. M. Taylor and wife, of New York. Detectives were shadowing them, and it was learned that they were the eloping couple, Mrs. Corning and D. M. Kurtz, of Auburn. Rooms were assigned them and nothing unusual was noticed. In the morning as the couple left their room they were confronted by Detective Seely, of Syracuse, and the wronged husband of the erring woman. Mr. Corning had an interview with his wife, who took things in a remarkably possessed manner. He finally induced her to return home to Auburn with him. Kurtz remains behind. It is known that he bought tickets for Chicago in this city.

## DESCRIBING THE MURDER.

**Second Day of the Trial of Stain and Cromwell at Bangor.**

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 22.—The second day's trial of Stain and Cromwell for the mysterious murder of Treasurer Barron, of the Dexter Savings bank, was occupied by witnesses, who told of the finding of the dead man in the vaults of the bank.

The court room was crowded, and many were unable to gain admission.

The prisoners listened with painfully acute attention.

The government is spending a great deal of time in showing in detail the finding of the body of Mr. Barron, as it is understood that the defense will make a frantic attempt to show that the bank treasurer committed suicide and no murder was done at all.

Fourteen of the Dexter bank officials have been summoned by Stain and Cromwell, and they will try to get the prisoners acquitted.

If this is attempted the government will call many old and prominent bankers in Maine to show the suspicious dealings of the Dexter bank people and make apparent the reason why they are anxious not to have the prisoners convicted.

### Maine's Murder Trial.

CLINTON, Me., Feb. 22.—At the coroner's inquest in the Beal whisky poisoning case it was thown that Charles Beal, aged 21, the eldest son of the deceased, had been discharged from his place as clerk in his father's store, and had afterward been heard to say of his father: "There goes that d—d old drunken fool, I'll put a stop to it before long." He had had frequent wrangles with his father, and had complained that his brother George was better treated by the father than he himself was. It was shown that he had access to the cellar in which the liquor was kept. Charles testified for himself, denying every statement that had been imputed to him.

### A Chase After a Mail Train.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—The Oceanic steamer Alameda, which arrived from Australia, was several hours late, and the mails destined for eastern states and Europe were placed on a special train and started to catch the regular overland fast mail train, which had left here four hours before. The regular train was overtaken at Blue Canon, 230 miles from here. The run was made in five hours. It was necessary to place the European mails on the regular train in order to connect with the steamer Servia, which will leave New York Saturday.

### Reward for Murderous Fiends.

EAST GREENWICH, R. I., Feb. 22.—A special meeting of the town council was held to take action in regard to the recent attempts at wholesale murder in blowing up the house of the Rev. O. H. Still and poisoning the well of King Allen. The powder found in and about Mr. Allen's well was tested before the council and found to be arsenic. The council voted to offer a reward of $500 for the conviction of the perpetrators of those outrages.

### Plunged Into the Gulf.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 22.—The heavy rains of Saturday worked out a small bridge on the Kansas Central railroad Sunday morning, and before it was discovered the engine of a freight train plunged into the washout, carrying down the engineer and fireman, both of whom were badly scalded, the former receiving such injuries that he will die. All trains were delayed. It is impossible to repair the break until the water subsides.

### Strikers Victorious.

JOLIET, Ills., Feb. 22.—The striking stonecutters in the Joliet Stone company's quarries have gone back to work. The company yielded to the demands of the men for thirty-five cents per hour. The settlement was effected through a committee of seven representative stonecutters, who showed that they were receiving far less than current prices in Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis and other large cities.

## OFF TO THE SUNNY SOUTH.

**THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY DEPARTS FOR FLORIDA.**

**A Small but Distinguished and Pleasant Party—Col. Lamont Charged with Being a Dude—Leave Takings. Programme of the Trip.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The presidential special for Florida drew out of the Baltimore and Potomac station at 11:50. It consisted of two cars, the Newport, a Pullman sleeper and dining car combined, and a combination Pullman smoking and baggage car. The party consists of the president, Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney and the president's private secretary and Mrs. Lamont. Two maids accompany Mrs. Cleveland. A distinguished party came to the station to bid farewell to the journeyers. First to arrive was the secretary of war and Mrs. Endicott, then came Mrs. Fairchild, followed by Secretary Vilas and Postmaster General Dickinson.

Secretary and Mrs. Whitney were the first of those who were to accompany the president on his first visit to Florida to reach the Newport, and at 11:45 the iron gates of the station platform were thrown back to admit the president and Mrs. Lamont and Col. Lamont and Mrs. Cleveland. They had entered the depot by the B street entrance, of tragic memory.

The president was looking remarkably well, and smilingly shook hands with a half dozen friends, who stood between the station gates and the car platform. Mr. Richard Croker, the New York city politician, was one of the first to shake hands.

"What are we going to do without you, gentlemen?" said the president, who was carrying a red silk wrap of Mrs. Cleveland's over his arm, as he shook hands with the representatives of the United Press. "I suppose we'll see you vicariously every few hours, won't we? Good-by," he concluded, as Col. Lamont touched him on the arm as a hint to board the car.

"Lamont is taking nothing on trust about Florida weather," said Secretary Whitney, pointing at the colonel, who carried a heavy ulster over his arm in addition to the overcoat he wore. "I believe the colonel is becoming a dude."

A moment more and those who had come to bid the party farewell, were warned to leave the Newport. Everybody shook hands; godspeeds were uttered, the wheels of the special slowly began to turn and in a moment the train disappeared with a whisk around the first curve.

Mrs. Cleveland was dressed in a close fitting, traveling dress of dark green, trimmed with white fur, and a fawn color tailor made jacket. She looked somewhat pale as she reached the depot, but a faint flush of color came back under the excitement of leave taking.

The train will make its first stop at Savannah, Ga., where it will arrive at 8 o'clock. The party will remain there an hour and will take a drive over the principal thoroughfares. They will arrive at Jacksonville at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. A visit will be made to the exposition and a reception will be held by the president and Mrs. Cleveland in the evening. The next day, Thursday, will be spent in St. Augustine, where another reception will be held. The start for home will be made Friday morning, and the train will make no stops except such as are necessary for coaling, etc. Col. Lamont said that the president had prepared no speeches for the trip, and did not expect to make any.

### Gen. Schofield at His Father's Funeral.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Gen. Schofield arrived here from Atlanta just in time to attend the funeral of his father, Rev. James Schofield. Rev. Dr. Lawrence conducted services at 8 o'clock, at the late home of the dead preacher. The body was taken to Freeport, Ills.

### Fire in a Hartford Hotel.

HARTFORD, Feb. 22.—A fire, which started in the pantry of the Allyn house, burned up through the roof on the west side of the building, but was soon under control. It is impossible to estimate the loss. The damage by water will be heavy.

### The Weather.

Colder, fair weather; light to fresh northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

**Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Money, 2½ per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, $4.85@4.87. Governments steady; currency 6s, 120 bid; 4s, coup., 125¾ bid; 4½s do., 107⅝ bid.

The stock market opened dull and heavy, and on some selling by the room traders prices declined ¼ to ¾ per cent. from last night's figures in the first fifteen minutes. This was followed by a good buying, principally of the grangers and Richmond and Terminal. The latter was freely bought on a report that Mr. Sully's resignation had been tendered as the president of the road, and would be accepted at the next meeting of the board of directors. The buying resulted in an advance of ⅛@⅜ per cent., the latter in West Point. The market continued steady to the close.

Prices closed as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| West. Union Tel.. | 78¾ | Del. & Hud..... | 109¾ |
| Adams Express.. | 140 | Del., L. & W..... | 130¾ |
| U. S. Express .... | 72½ | Denver..... | 21 |
| C., C., C. & I. .... | 50 | Erie..... | 26¾ |
| N. Y. Central..... | 107¼ | Kansas & Texas.. | 16 |
| N. J. Central..... | 80½ | Lake Shore..... | 91¾ |
| Illinois Central... | 116 | Northwest..... | 108¾ |
| Northern Pacific.. | 21¼ | Do. pref..... | 143½ |
| Do. pref..... | 44½ | Pacific Mail..... | 33½ |
| Central Pacific... | 30½ | Reading..... | 60⅜ |
| Missouri Pacific.. | 84¾ | St. Paul..... | 76¾ |
| Texas Pacific..... | 25¼ | Wabash..... | 14 |
| Alton & T. H..... | 30 | Bur. & Quincy ... | 120 |
| Canada Southern.. | 53½ | Ore. R'y & Nav.. | 9¾ |
| Canada Pacific.... | 57½ | Ore. Trans..... | 21¼ |
| Chicago & Alton . | 136 | Lake Shore..... | — |

**General Markets.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—FLOUR—Steady at unchanged prices; fine, $2.05@2.65; superfine, $2.40@3; city mill extra, $4.40@4.75 for West Indies.

WHEAT—Quiet; receipts, 1,100 bushels; shipments, 77,460 bushels; No. 1 red state, 92½@93c.; No. 2 do., 90½c.; No. 2 red winter, February, 89½c.; do., March, 89½c.

CORN—Dull; receipts, 9,900 bushels; shipments, 163,542 bushels; No. 2 mixed, cash, 61½c.; do., February, 60¾c.; do., March, 59c. bid.

OATS—Lifeless; receipts, 75,000 bushels; shipments, 99 bushels; No. 1 white state, 42@43c.; No. 2 do., 39@40c.; No. 2 mixed, February, 38c.

RYE—Dull and unchanged.

BARLEY—Nominal.

PORK—Dull; one year old mess, 15@15.12½c.

LARD—Dull; April, $8; May, $8.04.

MOLASSES—Steady at 20c. for 50 test boiling stock.

TURPENTINE—Firm at 30½c.

ROSIN—Steady; strained to good, $1.12½@1.15.

PETROLEUM—Quiet; refined in cases, 9¾c.

FREIGHTS—Dull and unchanged.

BUTTER—Quiet; western creamery, 17@23c.

CHEESE—Dull; western factory, 11¾@12c.

EGGS—Easier; near by, 22½@25c.; western, 23½@25c.

RICE—Nominal.

SUGAR—Refined steady; cut loaf and crushed, 7¾c.

TALLOW—Dull; prime city, 4⅝@4¾c.

COFFEE—Steady; fair cargoes, 16c.

### Wit and Wisdom

On his metal—A newly-shod horse.

A model institution—The Patent Office.

Proud Father: "I believe, my dear, that baby knows as much as I do." Mother (gazing at the infant): "Yes, poor little fellow."

There is complaint of the gastronomic monotony of the average public banquet, now that the feasting season is gradually drawing to a close.

American fruits and dainties are all the rage in Paris, and the most fashionable diuner without them is regarded as incomplete.

Pickeled oysters, which years ago were a standard dish at receptions and parties, and then were neglected, have come into gastronomic fashion again.

Commercial travellers who have to frequent inexpensive hotels, want a law calling in the everlasting smoked beef invariably served for supper.

In union there is strength but the same cannot be said of some of the new brands of pickled onions whose chief attraction is the handsome glass jars.

"Don't you think organized charity a good thing, Mr. Blunt?" "Oh, yes, of course, where the organization isn't nine-tenths of the thing and charity the other tenth."

Visitor: "Your new house is very pretty, but you will have trouble to do anything with the garden, it's so small." Country Host: "Yes, it is small, but then I shall put in folding beds."

Father: "Come, Bobby, you are all tired out; so hurry off to bed." Bobby (with a slow and reluctant movement): "Pa, you oughtn't to tell a boy to hurry when he's all tired out."

Ragged Social Philosopher (laying a dime on the bar: "The rich are getting richer and the poor are getting poorer."

Wealthy Saloon-keeper (dropping the dime into the drawer: "Yes, that's so."

"Please, sir, have you seen a gentleman without a little girl?" "Well, and what if I have, little one?" "My Uncle John has lost me, and I thought if you'd seen a gentleman without a little girl, you could tell me where he was."

"What do they do when they install a minister?" inquired a small boy; "do they put him in a stall and feed him?" "Not always," said the father; "sometimes they harness him to the church and expect him to draw it alone." And eat like the street-car conductors, on the car.

"Yes," boasted a Quaker City man," there is no place in the country where you can get as good butter as you can in Philadelphia."

"I've often remarked the same thing myself," said a stranger. "I suppose it is owing to the superior and abundant pasturage there."

Mr. Penn—Don't you think, Miss Foote, that the use of slang by women is deplorable?

Miss Foote (Chicago)—Bet your sweet life I do.

Wife—Rev. Gums said for us to go to church this morning prepared for a collection.

Husband—I am prepared. I left every cent I had in my other clothes.

Johnnie, a bright boy of six years, while being fixed up for school, observing his little overcoat much the worse for wear, and having more mended places than he admired, turned quickly to his mother and asked: "Mamma, is papa rich?" "Yes, very rich, Johnnie; he is worth two millions and a half." "What in, mamma?" "Oh, he values you at one million, me at one million and baby at half a million." Johnnie, after thinking a moment, said, "Mamma, tell papa to sell the baby and buy us some clothes."


### The Population of Bellefonte

Is about 5,000, and we should say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial size free. Sold by all druggist.


—Because of the illness of Mr. Bairfoot renders it impossible for him to attend to the additional work which the sale of tickets to the Bennett and Moulton operatic entertainments would require they will be sold at Mr. Keichline's store, where also tickets for the Claire Scott's dramatic performances are on sale.


### The Handsomest Lady in Bellefonte

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merits, any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50c and $1.

### Try, Try Again.

After trying many advertised remedies for catarrh during the past twelve years I tried Ely's Cream Balm, and with complete success. It is over one year since I stopped using it and have had no return of the catarrh. I recommend it to all my friends in this vicinity.—Milton T. Palm, Reading, Pa.


THE miners of the Schuylkill region have a right to feel that they have been treated very scurvily by their leaders. They were ordered out on a strike, and obeyed. The proposition of their employers that they should resume work pending a conference concerning the matter of wages was rejected. Now, after several weeks of idleness, they are ordered back to work upon the precise terms originally suggested by their employers. That is to say, they have lost their wages for six weeks, made serious inroads upon their little savings, if they had any, and now go back to work for the wages they were receiving when they struck and upon terms that would have been granted without the necessity of a day's idleness. Some of them are highly incensed at the turn affairs have taken and a telegram from Mount Carmel says that twelve hundred miners have held an indignation meeting and resolved to continue the strike. But it is probable that work will be generally resumed throughout the region to-day The moral of this narrative is that workingmen should choose for their leaders those who have good common sense and pure motives.

—Mr. H. Hale has been twice elected to the position of Chief Burgess of Bellefonte and will step down and out in a week or two to give place to his successor. The duties of the office, to be, attended to as they should be are not easy and they are not at all times agreeable. We happen to know that Mr. Hale has performed them with exceptional ability. Sometimes the requirements of the position have compelled him to remain on duty until a very late hour of night and at other times calls for his presence were made at a most untimely hour in the morning, but he was always ready to respond. He has taken pride in the police of the town and it is though his individual efforts that uniforms and other necessary equipment were provided for them. When times of excitement occurred when the executive officer—the burgess—must act quickly and wisely Mr. Hale has proved a most efficient officer.


### Temperance Wine for Invalids.

It is well known that there are cases when the most strict advocates of temperance are obliged to use some sort of wine, especially those who are old and infirm. Many weakly females as well as invalids and debilitated persons in warm weather need a little strengthening wine. The great difficulty has been in procuring a rich wine that is reliable. There are many cases where wine would be used to great advantage in place of alcoholic drinks, if only a genuine article could be had, and upon which physicians could rely as being pure. The Wine of Alfred Speer, of Passaic, New Jersey, and his Unfermented Grape Juice have been analysed by chemists in nearly every state, and have always been proved strictly pure and beneficial. These wines are now being used in hospitals and by families for medical purposes, also by Churches for Communion service. It is principally sold by Druggists. Mr. Speer's mode of preserving is such as to retain the rich flavor and sweetness of the fruit.


—The Feast of Purim will be celebrated next Sunday by the Jewish people. It commemorates the deliverance of the Jews in the ancient Persian empire, through the efforts of Queen Esther and Mordecai, from the destruction planned against the whole race throughout the entire dominion of the Persian monarch, Ahasuerus, by the wicked Haman. The Feast of Esther, which always precedes "Purim," and which commemorates the fast kept by Esther and Mordecai, will be held to-morrow (Thursday.)


Look at my face and my hands—not a pimple,
Such as you saw there some time ago.
See my fresh cheeks, and I'm getting a dimple,
I don't look at all like I used to, I know.
My face was all blotches—complexion like tallow;
No wonder they thought me and called me a fright;
No one need have pimples and skin gray and sallow,
If she'll take what I took, ev'ry morn, noon, and night.

I asked the delighted young woman what she referred to, and she answered Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best beautifier in the world, because it purifies the blood, and pure blood gives good health, and good health is always beautiful.

### First Appearance of the Band.

The Bellefonte Silver Cornet Band will make its first public appearance next Tuesday evening, when it will give a concert in front of the Court House. This will be an event of interest in the musical annals of Bellefonte. Very much is expected of the new organization and we have no doubt it will be more than realized. At least, we will be there to listen and applaud.

—Laxador is the remedy now mostly relied upon when a good purgative family medicine is needed. All druggists sell it for 25 cents a package.

—The deadening preparations of opium for the baby are rapidly disappearing before the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Sold by all druggists.


—The warm air and sun of a few days past did much toward cleansing the pavements of ice and snow. We suppose that there will be more of the "beautiful," however, ere the season ends and gentle Spring is here.


—The great enemies—Hood's Sarsaparilla and impure blood. The latter is utterly defeated by the peculiar medicine.


### SAM SMALL'S BROTHER.

**Why Did God Make so Much Outdoors? Two Women's Experiences.**

"Sam Small, Evangelist!"

The proverbial philosophy of "Old Si," the venerable plantation darky, who gave to the world through the medium of Small's pen maxims of worldly wisdom, clothed in a verbiage irresistible humor, has found a permanent place in humorous literature.

Great surprise was shown when it was announced that he having been converted under the ministrations of "Sam Jones," would become an evangelist.

At first thought, a humorist in the pulpit seems incongruous. Is it really so?

No doubt the mere buffoon attempting to turn men's hearts to solemn truths would meet with only contempt. But truth is not hidden in gloom. Genuine humor frequently illustrates and fastens in the mind bits of wisdom that would otherwise pass unheeded.

In his eulogy of Henry Ward Beecher, Rev. Dr Parker says: "Whenever he came among men he brought June sunshine and music, and made even desponding and warmer summer, 'the Kingdom of Heaven' itself was 'at hand.'" That is genial christianity.

Mr. Small belongs to a witty family. He has a brother connected with Armory Knox's and "Fat Contributor's" *Texas Siftings*, a paper which has had phenomenal success in the field of humorous literature. Mr. Frank A. Small is the present representative of that popular paper in England, and, like his distinguished brother, he takes a deep interest in the welfare of other people.

Under date of 48 Porten road, Kensington, W. London. Eng., Sept. 27th, 1887, he writes: "While at Yalding, in Kent, yesterday, I met Prof. S. Williams, Head Master of the Cleaves Endowed School. In the course of conversation about America, Professor Williams remarked that Warner's safe cure had been of great benefit to his wife, who had been much troubled with a disordered liver. Warner's safe cure (an American preparation) was all she had taken, and she had experienced none of her old trouble for some months past.

Mrs. Annie Jenness-Miller, editor of New York *Dress*, and a very popular woman in the fashionable world, says in her own magazine, for October: "Warner's safe cure is the only medicine I ever take or recommend. In every instance it gives new energy and vitality to all my powers." This distinguished woman also says that for ladies this great remedy is "peculiarly effective."

Sam Small is likely to succeed as a moral teacher. When we remember how near together in human nature lie the fountains of laughter and of tears, the deep effect his discourses must have on the masses can easily be imagined.

"Why did God make so much outdoors?" exclaimed a little girl. We know not. He has made it, and we should grow in it—broad, charitable and genial, judging everything by merit, not by prejudice.


—I have used your Salvation Oil for cracked heels, mange, and sand cracks with horses, and it gives perfect satisfaction.—Chas. W. Lee, 414 W. Baltimore street, Balto., Md.

—The cost of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is only 26 cents. A bottle will convince all of its excellence.


A man in Utica claims to have found a blacksnake four feet long in his bed on the 15th of January. He evidently attended a banquet the night before. For the sake of his family, as well as his own character, he should have kept quiet about the snake.


Fall and winter season 1887 and 1888. Full line of *overcoatings, suitings and pantaloonings.* Leave your order LOW.

MONTGOMERY & Co.
Tailors.


### SALE REGISTER.

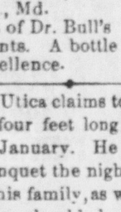
TUESDAY, MARCH 20.—At residence of John Musser, in Patton township sale of farming implements, stock, etc. Fillmore P. O.

TUESDAY MARCH 20.—John G Dubbs, on farm of E. W. Hale, in Spring township, will sell farm stock, implements and produce. Sale will begin at 10 o'clock a m.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21.—At residence of Isaac Gray, Patton township, six head of horses—other stock, farm implements, etc. Post office, Buffalo Run, Centre county, Pa.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1.—At the residence of Thomas Lingle, deceased, one mile west of Centre Hall farm stock, implements, etc., James A. Lingle and W. S. Mingle, Administrators.


ROYAL




BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

SALESMEN - - WANTED

To sell Nursery Stock. Permanent employment and good salary to honest, energetic men. The business is easily learned. We grow all the reliable new varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees. Write for terms.

HOOPES, BRO & THOMAS,
Established 1853. WEST CHESTER, PA
20 7 6t Maple Avenue Nurseries.

### BAYARD AND SPANGLER

The people of Bellefonte are accustomed to a brief, sharp and decisive political battle. On Saturday evening the tickets are made. Of course, the following Sunday gives the politicians an opportunity to pray for a successful result. On Monday a few hasty preparations are made and Tuesday's struggle occasions many surprises.

If we may believe what the mouth pieces of the respective parties say both of them are looking back upon the work of last Saturday evening with satisfaction. We can say with all truth that it looks as if the Republicans have nominated a very strong ticket and one which should win, because when the Republicans stand up to be counted they have a clear majority in the borough.

Here is the choice of the North ward in the order the nominations were made:

Judge of Elections—Chas Hewes, Esq.
Inspector—H P Harris.
Council—Geo L Potter.
School Director—Jno P Harris.
Registration Assessor—John Wagner.
Chief Burgess—W W Bayard.
Ass't Burgess—W E Gray, Esq.
Borough Assessor—H H Benner.
Treasurer—Chas F Cook.
Tax Collector—Geo L Smith.
Constable—H H Montgomery
High Constable—Leander Green.
Overseer of Poor—D K Tate.
Auditor—John Kline.

The chairman appointed as conferrees L. L. Brown, John I. Rankin and W. T. Fitzgerald.

The West ward Republicans voted as follows:

Chief Burgess—W W Bayard.
Ass't Burgess—No choice.
Assessor—H H Benner.
Treasurer—Chas F Cook.
Tax Collector—Geo L Smith.
Constable—William Dawson.
High Constable—Leander Green.
Overseer of Poor—D K Tate.
Auditor—John Kline.
Judge of Election—H Herkimer.
Inspector of Election—David Bartley.
Council—John I Olewine.
School Directors—S A Stover and Dr. A W Hafer.
Registration Assessor—G W Rees.
Conferrees—C. Dale, Esq, Jas. Scott and Charles Garner.

The South ward Republicans expressed their preferences as follows:

Chief Burgess—William Lyon.
Assistant Burgess—D. M. Glenn.
Treasurer—C. F. Cook.
Tax Collector—George L. Smith.
Constable—H. H. Montgomery.
High Constable—Eli Baney.
Overseer—Michael Runkle.
Assessor—H H Benner.
Auditor—William McClure.
Judge of election—Joel Johnson.
Inspector of Election—D. I. Parsons.
Council—John Feaster.
School Director—W. E. Desilva.
Registration Assessor—F. P. Green.
Conferees—A. V. Jackson, Thomas Donachy and J. A. Fiedler.

The Republican borough convention met in the League room and very quickly produced the following borough ticket:

Chief Burgess—W. W. Bayard.
Assistant Burgess—D. M. Glenn.
Assessor—H H Benner.
Borough Treasurer—Chas. F Cook.
Tax Collector—George L Smith.
Constable—Henry H Montgomery.
High Constable—Leander Green.
Overseer of Poor—D K Tate.
Auditor, for 3 years—John Kline.

The Democrats did not make such rapid progress as the Republicans, but they succeeded in "getting there" about 9 o'clock. When we reached D. F. Fortney's office the gentlemen there assembled furnished us with the following nominations.

South ward—Judge of Election, C M Bower; Inspector, of Election, C M Garman; Council, Nicholas Bower; School Director, E S Wian; Registration Assessor, P. J. Gehrity.

North ward—Judge of Election, D Z Kline; Inspector, S M Buck; Council, L T Munson; School Director, D W Woodring; Registration Assessor, William Galbraith.

West ward—Judge of Election, Gen. W H Blair; Inspector of Election, J E Miller; Council, Joe Gross; School Directors, David Noll, 2 years, Martin Hempfield, 1 year; Registration Assessor, Grant Pifer.

Borough—Burgess, J L Spangler; Assistant Burgess, Thomas Shaughency, Jr.; Treasurer, Emil Joseph; Tax Collector, John M Keichline; Overseer, James Schofield; Constable, J C Mallory; Auditor, John M Lane; High Constable, Eli Baney; Assessor, Daniel Everhart.

### The Valentine Young Man.

When we guessed on the day before Valentine day that William E. Gray, Esq., would receive the largest number of valentines it was only a guess, but we learn that we were right, and they have been coming in ever since Valentine day. He received the most magnificent one on Saturday—one which any one might envy him the possession of. The valentine was an artistic oil painting of himself, beautiful in conception and brilliant in execution. Such a valuable piece of workmanship is it that Mr. Gray has not permitted many persons to see it. We believe that in outline and pose it is a perfect likeness, worthy of the old masters. There are some features which Will refuses to acknowledge. For instance, it is cross-eyed. This causes Will to be cross (eyed) when he looks at it. The hair is liberally sprinkled with *gray*. Of course, this is correct in name, but not up to nature at all. In the pocket of the coat is a huge bandana, and the heavy log chain which he carries has attached to it a chest-nut bell. We hope when Will hangs the picture up he will not turn the face to the wall, for it is such a stunner that everyone should see and admire it.

### Compliments for Rev. Chas. T. Steck.

Our eloquent and gifted townsman, Rev. Mr. Steck, recently delivered a lecture in the Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, which drew forth the following communication to the *Gazette and Bulletin*:

TO THE EDITOR: It was our pleasure to hear a lecture on Friday evening by the Rev. Charles T. Steck, delivered at Dickinson Seminary. His subject was, "Popular Hero Worship." This lecture was given as a complimentary entertainment to the institution, and was attended by the faculty, students and a few citizens specially invited.

We have heard the most popular lecturers of the day, but cannot forbear to express the judgment that Mr. Steck possesses more requisites for the platform than any speaker we have heard. In voice, figure, manner, and expression, he seems to want nothing which goes to make up the perfect orator. He speaks from his own heart to the best aspirations of his audience. His aim is clearly to raise his audience to his own exalted ideal. The truths enforced upon his auditors are fitted to bring them to a higher standard of thought, aim and action. He gives everyone something to take away with him, and inspires each to high conceptions of character and life. He has the advantage of a fine baritone voice completely under control, always charming in its effect. His manner is graceful, powerful and singularly impressive. He embodies the repose, self mastery, impulsiveness and fire which give his performance the stamp o nature along with artistic finish. As a platform speaker, he is superb. He is a generous, manly man, and possessed of such powers of expression as few men enjoy. We hope the general public will have the privilege of hearing him, at the Academy of Music before the season closes.

Though a prophet is said to be "not without honor, save in his own country," we are proud to hail this public teacher as a native of our own county.

TEACHER.

—We have heard a great deal during the past few days in regard to the disgraceful occurrence in Osceola. On Saturday this paper recorded the mysterious disappearance on the previous evening of Gertie Walker, a daughter of Robert Walker, of that place. The girl has since been found, though the reports as to her condition when discovered are very conflicting. When a search was instituted on the previous evening her hood and shawl were found and also a piece of taffy which she had carried. The appearances seemed to suggest that a struggle had taken place. The next morning, we hear, she was found in the upper part of a well known building in that town and a young man who works in the building was missing. He was searched for found and arrested. First, he was taken to Philipsburg and placed in the lock-up. As there was a demonstration made and threats of lynching expressed he was hastily taken to Clearfield, where he is in jail.

—Gen. Sherwood, an ex-Congressman from the Toledo district, and one of the old newspaper men of that part of the country, has just told where Locke got his idea for the Nasby letters that made his reputation. He was editing a little country sheet at the village of Findlay, O., which has since developed such great natural-gas resources. This was at the beginning of the war. There was an illiterate drunken loafer about the streets of Findlay who was much opposed to the North and the war, and who lectured his fellow-loafers on the street corners in somewhat the same terms that Nasby afterwards used in the war letters. Nasby reported a number of his talks for his Findlay paper. They took and were copied. He improved upon them, throwing his own wit into the rough language and thoughts of the loafer, and they made such a hit that he wrote them entirely himself and made a reputation and a fortune estimated at over $1,000,000.

### Another Accident on the Railroad.

Tuesday morning a young man named Royer was caught between the cowcatcher of the engine and a car on the Lemont railroad, near Reynolds' mill, and his left leg above the knee was badly squeezed. He was taken into the house of Mr. Fasig near by and Dr. Hayes attended to his injuries. We believe that his injuries are not of a very serious character, though they are painful and will keep him indoors for some time.

—Luther Shaffer, the murderer of Nora Culvey, has been informed that he will be executed on the 4th of April and has consented to receive spiritual advice from Rev. G. W. Gerhard, pastor of the Reformed church in Lock Haven. His counsel says it is not expected that any application will be made to the Board of Pardons in Shaffer's behalf.

### EVENTS PARAGRAPHED.

AS THEY OCCUR IN SNOW SHOE AND VICINITY IN VIEW OF THE CORRESPONDENT THERE.

James B. Marsteller has been appointed to succeed Mr. Lathrop. Just the man for the place. He is an energetic, straight-forward gentleman who will do his duty without fear or favor to any one. He has superintended the building of the coke ovens and understands the company's business in this locality better than anyone else except Mr. Lathrop.

Theodore P. Lucas and wife, while driving a high-spirited colt, saw a passenger train coming near Cato crossing. They got out of the sleigh, but the horse became so frightened that he broke loose from Mr. Lucas and ran with lightning speed down the railroad track a distance of half a mile, and when within a few feet of the railroad bridge, the animal stopped suddenly, turned round on the high fill and returned to the crossing, where Mr. Lucas caught him unharmed. He and his wife got in the sleigh and went on as if nothing had happened.

Mr. Jack Tobin and Miss Mary Fravel were married in the Catholic church on Monday, the 13th instant, by the Rev. Father Burke.

Mr. Claude Cook has rented his house on the corner of Fourth and Olive streets to a Jew peddler.

Mitchel Ray, of Bellefonte, is visiting his sister, Mrs. C. F. Cheeman, this week.

The funeral of Mrs. Anna Hartzel, which took place on Sunday, was largely attended. She was the wife of Joseph Hartzel, of the firm of Hartzel & Leathers, who is left with six motherless children to care for. He has the sympathy of the entire community.

As predicted, Joseph Smith is the Republican candidate for justice of the peace and he will be elected.

### A Deer in Town.

On Sunday a venturesome deer entered the town from the direction of Roopsburg and looked at the abode of civilization from an eminence somewhere in the vicinity of the Academy. That's a dangerous place for a deer and the dogs were soon in full pursuit, chasing the animal over the hill in the direction of Mr. Hepburn's place Mr. Hepburn saw the deer and grabbing a clothesline also engaged in the chase. He ran after it about two miles and when near Mr. Rhinesmith's place on the Hale farm the deer turned, perhaps with the intention of battling with his pursuer. Mr. Hepburn skillfully lassoed the deer and brought it back to his home.

### A Wood Chopper's Peril.

Daniel Beck, who lives near Mackeyville, went to the woods a few days since to chop down trees. After cutting a tree off it lodged on a sapling and while he was endeavoring to make the tree reach the ground it fell suddenly and struck him, injuring him considerably about the head and breast. One limb of the tree fell across his body and he was for some time unable to extricate himself. As no one was with him to give him any assistance, he managed to scrape the snow and ice from under him with his hands, and finally rescued himself from his perilous position. After much suffering he reached his home and has since been confined to his bed.

—Senator Simon Cameron's opinion that a man shouldn't be a politician unless he has plenty of money is unpleasantly near the correct one. Politics and boodle have become almost active partners in this country. The man who aspires to office must pave his way to it with golden bricks, and after he has attained the object of his desire the political assessments levied, directly or indirectly, upon him eat up most of his salary. If he depends upon it for a living, necessity will often spur him into corrupt ways. There is no denying the fact that unless there is shortly a reform in political methods of this country we shall soon have a government by the rich only.

—The correspondents who are exceedingly desirous of bringing forward new candidates for the Presidency have again named Governor James A, Beaver. It was not long ago that Governor Beaver, in an interview with a Pittsburg *Dispatch* reporter, is stated to have said that he has no Presidential aspirations. He says that he most thoroughly enjoys his position of Governor and would not exchange it for that of the President of the United States. But, of course, the time which one can fill the position of Executive of this State is limited and then, perhaps, Governor Beaver will be willing to step into the White House, as he has never been known to refuse the call of duty.

### Special Train to the State College.

A large and elegant reception took place at State College last evening, given by the Washington Literary Society. There were fifty or sixty invitations received in Bellefonte, and there was a large representation of Bellefonte society and many people from the vicinity of the college. A special train departed at 7.15 o'clock Wednesday evening to carry Bellefonters.

—On Sunday evening at 7 o'clock the death of Elizabeth Jane Carter occurred at her home in Milesburg. We understand that her death was caused by tumor. She was 29 years 7 months of age. The funeral occurred on Tuesday at 10 o'clock, the interment being in the cemetery at Curtin's Works.

### THE OMAHA CLIMATE.

#### A Lady's Description of the Late Blizzard—Great Heat and Cold.

A private letter from a lady in Omaha, written on the first day of the month, thus describes the late blizzard: Of course you have heard of the frightful blizzard through which we have just passed. We haven't got over talking about it yet, and the obiquitous "oldest inhabitant" is reveling in his glory, as there never yet has been a blizzard fierce enough to squelch him. We had been having extremely cold weather for about three weeks before it came, the range of the thermometer being from zero to 26 degrees below; but nobody minds that here when the wind doesn't blow, as the air is usually so very dry that it does not seem anything like as cold as that. On that evening, however, the temperature had risen very rapidly, so that it seemed quite warm, and the snow began to melt even before the sun rose, which state of things caused a heavy fog to envelop the city.

It is much harder to keep comfortably when such a fog appears than when the weather is intensely cold, as the chilly moisture is so penetrating. My husband, therefore, wore a rubber coat over his overcoat when he went to the office. I suppose it is unnecessary to inform you that, as a matter of course, he objected to the extra wrap. I assure you it was well for him that he wore the coat.

Well, we all thought that a regular January thaw had set in, and I said as much to an old man who brings me milk. He shook his head ominously and said, "Well, I have lived in Nebraska for the last thirty years and if you want my opinion I should say that the devil will be to pay before night." Well, well, I don't know who collected the pay, but the price paid has been simply appalling.

I was sitting at my table writing about 3 o'clock, when suddenly, without a moment's warning, a most savage and terrific wind struck the house and threatened to overturn it instantly. The wind came so suddenly and violently that at first I thought there had been a terrible explosion in the neighborhood. The house fairly reeled, and it groaned and trembled as though it were a living thing and was frightened as badly as I was.

The thermometer fell rapidly to 16 degrees below, and when I looked out of the window it seemed as though there could be nothing but death and destruction for anybody who attempted to brave such a storm. I was terribly anxious about my husband, as it was about time for him to come home. I ventured to open the front door to look out and see if he were in sight, but I could not stand it an instant. The air was full of little sharp needles of ice that were dashed into my face with such force that they seemed to go right through the skin, and burned like fire for some time after.

All the fog of the morning had been frozen into little icy particles, which were kept flying in the air by a furious wind, which on the sea coast would be termed a gale. The roar of the wind was horrible, absolutely deafening, and I very much doubt if a peal of thunder would have been heard above it.

When my husband finally arrived I wish you could have seen him. He was literally covered with ice from head to feet. His face looked as though it had been varnished by an unskilled hand. His eyebrows and eyelashes were glued to his face and frozen tight. He looked so unnatural that I could scarcely recognize him. He said that some time on the way home his eyelids had frozen together, so that he was obliged to stop at different stores and thaw them out and wipe off the melted ice. With fences and streets and signs to guide him, he said he could scarcely keep his way, the ice and snow were so blinding. So one can easily realize how utterly impossible it is for those poor creatures out on the prairie to find their way to shelter.

People here never use the term "blizzard" in speaking simply of cold weather, no matter how intense it may be. The blizzard is the twin sister to the cyclone. It is, in fact, a frozen cyclone. But it is much worse than the cyclone, in that the latter is over almost as soon as begun, while the blizzard continues for hours and even days.

I have not yet made up my mind whether the great good overbalances the great evils of this climate. If the months of January, July and August could be blotted out, it could be said of Nebraska that the climate is superb. But the summers are insufferably hot, and the winters the most intensely cold of any place probably in the wide world. During the last four or five weeks it has taken all our time and strength to keep warm.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### EDITOR'S TABLE.

What to do in the sudden emergencies of children, is a question often asked by anxious mothers. Babyhood for February answers this question in a comprehensive medical article, which says what to do in cases of convulsions, bruises, burns, cuts, foreign bodies in the ear, nose, etc. An equally important article is that on "Contagion and Disinfection," by Dr. Chapin, which clearly describes the source and character of the poison of scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, etc., and gives most valuable directions concerning the disinfection of the sick room, of the person, and of food and drink. There are also articles on "Children's Heads," by Dr. Yale; on the "Hardening Process," etc. Contributions in a lighter vein, such as "Babies and Papas," "A Chinese Method of Baby Feeding," an unusually full department of "Nursery Helps and Novelties," and the customary "Nursery Problems" and "Mothers' Parliament," justify Babyhood's claim of being an indispensable companion of young mothers. 15 cents a number; $1.50 per year. Babyhood Publishing Co., 5 Beekman Stret, New York.

It is claimed by some that people in moderate circumstances are prone to buy the higher-priced grades of food, which do not by any means contain the most nourishment for the money. The editors of *Science* are anxious to gather as much information as possible on this point, and will be glad to hear from any dealers or others having information to give. This excellent weekly keeps constantly at work on live issues. An electrical department is among the improvements expected in the immediate future. N. D. C. Hodges, 47 Lafayette Place, New York, $3.50 per year; sample copies, 10 cents.

To *The Swiss Cross*, now entering on its third volume, we extend our good wishes. The significance of its name is apparent when we mention that it is the monthly organ of the Agassiz Association, succeeding *The St. Nicholas* in this capacity a year ago or more. We cannot expect even so well conducted a magazine as this, which appeals to extremes of youth, to attain the popularity of the children's magazines addicted to stories mostly. But as the get too much of fiction, in our opinion, we should like to see *The Swiss Cross* act as a corrective when it may. N. D. C. Hodges, 47 Lafayette Place, New York. $1.50 per year.

If you really want to have lots of fun and enjoy working out puzzles,—and hard ones,—buy a copy of *The Puzzler* from your newsdealer, and carry it home. Some of our friends have worked for hours at a time over the February number, perfectly fascinated with this excellently edited magazines The magazine is entirely new, the February number being the first, so urge your newsdealer to get it for you, and to keep a good supply. It will be just the thing to bring out to amuse your friends. We find it so. 10 cents a copy; $1.20 a year. N. D. C. Hodges, publisher, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.

*The Phrenological Journal and Science of Health* for February opens with a portrait and interesting delineation of the character of Dinah Mulock Craik. A lengthy chapter on "Autographs" will please the collectors in that line, "Notable People of the Day" contains portraits and sketches of President Carnot, Chief Justice Waite, and Victorien Sardou. "A Guess at a Riddle of the Nineteenth Century" deals with the servant girl question, and every one needs servants should read this article. The Departments of Health, Child-Culture; Science and Industry; Correspondence, etc., are each and all replete with good things. This number contains also a supplement giving the addresses made by the professors and students at the class of the American Institute of Phrenology, with other matter relating to instruction in the subject which will be found good reading. $2 per year, 20 cts. per number. FOWLER & WELLS Co., Pubs., 777 Broadway, N. Y.

A novel idea conceived by the managers of that successful Boston magazine, *The Writer*, is "*The Writer's* Literary Bureau," which offers to serve as a medium between authors and publishers, reading all manuscripts sent to it, and informing their authors where they may be most profitably disposed of. The experience of the Bureau so far proves that very little manuscript is offered which is not salable somewhere, and the long and familiar acquaintance of its managers with periodical literature enables them to render to writers the assistance without which they would often be unable to market their manuscripts. The address of the Bureau is, P. O. Box 1905, Boston, Mass.


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### A Paper Garden.

February is good gardening time under glass. Now we study what to do in the spring. We read of the Wild Goose Plum, of peaches and berries, and how to kill insects. The flower of La Belle France, the Fleur de Lis, or Iris, as we call it, is the new garden wonder, and the February number of *The American Garden* devotes several pages to its beauties in text and picture. Growers are also taught therein how to grow orchids, those most expensive of all flowering plants. Growing vegetables under glass is described by a noted gardener. The famous gardens of San Souci built by Frederick the Great are attractively described. Tree planting and lawn making are told of by famous writers in horticulture. Shirely Dare, the author Anna Maria's Housekeeping has the same brightness and utility in her articles for housekeepers on the use of garden products in parlor and kitchen. *The American Garden*, of 751 Broadway New York, is the equal of any $2 magazine, yet the price is but $1 a year, and he is a poor gardener, either amateur or professional, who cannot make money out of investing $1 therein.

### Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 22, 1888.

| | |
|---|---|
| Red Wheat, old, per bushel | 90 |
| Mixed Wheat, old | 88 |
| Buckwheat, new, per bushel | 40 |
| Rye per bushel | 50 |
| Corn (shelled) | 45 |
| Corn (ears) | 55 |
| Oats | 30 |
| Barley | 45 |
| Cloverseed, fair to good | $3 00 |
| do prime and extra prime | 3 25 |
| do choice | 3 75 |
| Flour, retail, per barrel | 5.00 |
| Flour, wholesale | 4.50 |
| Hay, choice timothy, per ton | $8.00—$10.00 |
| Nova Scotia Plaster | $8.50 |

### Provision Markets.

(Corrected weekly by A. C Moyer & Bro.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples, dried, per pound | 5 |
| Cherries dried, per pound, seeded | 10 |
| Dried Currants, per pound | 10 |
| New Raisins, per pound | 12 |
| Beans, per quart | 10 |
| Fresh Butter, per pound | 25 |
| Cheese, per pound | 18 |
| Country Hams, per pound | 12 |
| Hams, sugar cured | 15 |
| Shoulders | 10 |
| Breakfast Bacon | 12½ |
| Country Bacon | 10 |
| Lard, per pound | 10 |
| Eggs, per dozen | 20 |
| New Potatoes, per bushel | 75 |
| Dried Beef | 20 |
| Canned Beef, 2 pound can | 20 |
| Country Side, per pound | 8 |
| Canned Tomatoes, per can | 12½—15 |
| Canned Corn, per can | 10—12½ |
| Lemons, per dozen | 30 |
| Dried Sweet Corn, per pound | 10 |
| Apple Butter, per gallon | 50 |
| Roller Flour, per sack | $1.30—$1.35 |
| Apples, per bushel | 75 |


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## Railroads

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 14, 1887.

| WESTWARD | Exp A.M. | Mail P.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Lock Haven | 9 00 | 3 40 |
| Flemington | 9 05 | 3 45 |
| Mill Hall | 9 09 | 3 48 |
| Beech Creek | 9 25 | 4 03 |
| Eagleville f | 9 30 | 4 08 |
| Howard | 9 44 | 4 22 |
| Mount Eagle f | 9 54 | 4 32 |
| Curtin | 10 01 | 4 38 |
| Milesburg | 10 12 | 4 48 |
| Bellefonte | 10 25 | 5 00 |
| Milesburg | 10 35 | 5 10 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 10 38 | 5 14 |
| Unionville | 10 48 | 5 24 |
| Julian | 11 59 | 5 35 |
| Martha | 11 09 | 5 47 |
| Port Matilda | 11 19 | 5 56 |
| Hannah f | 11 26 | 6 05 |
| Fowler f | 11 29 | 6 08 |
| Dix f | 11 32 | 6 11 |
| Bald Eagle | 11 38 | 6 19 |
| Vail | 11 48 | 6 24 |
| Arrive at Tyrone | 11 56 | 6 31 |
| EASTWARD | P.M. | A |
| Leave Tyrone | 7 15 | 8 16 |
| East Tyrone | 7 22 | 8 17 |
| Vail | 7 28 | 8 20 |
| Bald Eagle | 7 33 | |
| Dix f | 7 39 | |
| Fowler f | 7 42 | 8 3. |
| Hannah f | 7 46 | 8 36 |
| Port Matilda | 7 55 | 8 48 |
| Martha | 8 05 | 8 51 |
| Julian | 8 15 | 8 56 |
| Unionville | 8 25 | 9 16 |
| Snow Shoe Int | 8 35 | 9 18 |
| Milesburg | 8 39 | 9 22 |
| Bellefonte | 8 49 | 9 32 |
| Milesburg | 9 01 | 9 47 |
| Curtin | 9 11 | 10 01 |
| Mount Eagle f | 9 17 | 10 06 |
| Howard | 9 27 | 10 16 |
| Eagleville f | 9 40 | 10 30 |
| Beech Creek | 9 45 | 10 35 |
| Mill Ha | 10 01 | 10 50 |
| Flemington f | 10 05 | 10 54 |
| Arrive at Lock Haven | 10 10 | 11 00 |

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 13th, 1887.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.42 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.50 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

*S S BLAIR, General Sup*

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 13th, 1887.

| WESTWARD. | Mixed. P.M. | Mixed A.M |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Scotia | 12 15 | 5 00 |
| Fairbrook | 12 40 | 5 26 |
| Penn'a Furnace | 1 05 | 5 40 |
| Hostler f | 1 11 | 5 56 |
| Marengo f | 1 17 | 5 58 |
| Loveville f | 1 20 | 6 00 |
| Furnace Road f | 1 27 | 6 10 |
| Dungarvin | 1 30 | 6.13 |
| Warriors Mark | 1 50 | 6 25 |
| Pennington | 2 07 | 6 40 |
| Weston Mill f | 2 20 | 6 59 |
| L. and T. June | 2 26 | 6 55 |
| Tyrone | 2 35 | 6 58 |
| EASTWARD. | Mixed. P.M. | Mixed A.M |
| Leave Tyrone | 4 30 | 9 20 |
| L. & T. June | 4 34 | 9 25 |
| Weston Mill f | 4 40 | 9 28 |
| Pennington | 4 55 | 9 45 |
| Warriors Mark | 5 05 | 9 58 |
| Dungarvin | 5.17 | 10.09 |
| Furnace Road f | 5 26 | 10 12 |
| Loveville f | 5 26 | 10 16 |
| Marengo f | 5 30 | 10 22 |
| Hostler f | 5 40 | 10 38 |
| Penn'a Furnace | 5 50 | 10 44 |
| Fairbrook | 6 05 | 11 02 |
| Scotia | 6 25 | 11 36 |

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 20th, 1887.

| Dis. | Westward a.m. | p.m. | | Eastwar. a.m. | p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| .0 | 5.50 | 1.30 | ....MONTANDON..... | 5.30 | 9.10 |
| 1.5 | 6.15 | 1.40 | Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv | 5.20 | 9.00 |
| 1.5 | 6.15 | 1.40 | Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar | ..... | 9.00 |
| 5.4 | 6.24 | 1.48 | .....Biehl f..... | ..... | 8.51 |
| 6.8 | 6.30 | 1.55 | .....Vicksburg f..... | ..... | 8.45 |
| 10.7 | 6.41 | 2.05 | ... MIFFLINBURG.... | ..... | 8.35 |
| 13.1 | 6.48 | 2.11 | .....Barber f..... | ..... | 8.29 |
| 15.2 | 6.54 | 2.16 | .....Swengle f..... | ..... | 8.24 |
| 16.1 | 6.56 | 2.20 | .....Millmont..... | ..... | 8.22 |
| 18.6 | 7.05 | 2.30 | .....LAURELTON..... | ..... | 8.13 |
| 23.5 | 7.12 | 2.37 | .....Pardee f..... | ..... | 8.01 |
| 24.7 | 7.15 | 2.40 | .....Weiker f..... | ..... | 7.57 |
| 28.9 | 7.3- | 2.55 | .....Cherry Run f..... | ..... | 7.48 |
| 32.2 | 7.40 | 3.03 | ..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f.. | ..... | 7.40 |
| 33.9 | 7.45 | 3.09 | .....Fowler f..... | ..... | 7.36 |
| 36.6 | 7.52 | 3.15 | .....Coburn ..... | ..... | 7.27 |
| 39.6 | 7.58 | 3.25 | .....Zerby f..... | ..... | 7.19 |
| 43.4 | 8.10 | 3.35 | ....Rising Springs.... | ..... | 7.10 |
| 46.2 | 8.18 | 3.45 | .....Penn's Cave f..... | ..... | 7.00 |
| 49.2 | 8.25 | 3.54 | ....CENTRE HALL.... | ..... | 6.52 |
| 51.6 | 8.33 | 3.59 | .....Gregg f..... | ..... | 6.43 |
| 54.6 | 8 42 | 4.08 | .....Linden Hall..... | ..... | 6.36 |
| 56.7 | 8 48 | 4.15 | .....OAK HALL..... | ..... | 6.30 |
| 58.3 | 8.52 | 4.19 | .....LEMONT..... | ..... | 6.25 |
| 60.2 | 8.59 | 4.25 | .....Dale Summit f..... | ..... | 6.20 |
| 63.9 | 9.09 | 4.35 | .....Pleasant Gap f.... | ..... | 6.10 |
| 65.2 | 9.14 | 4.41 | .....Axeman f..... | ..... | 6.04 |
| 67.4 | 9.20 | 4.45 | ....BELLEFONTE..... | ..... | 6.00 |

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Oct. 17, 1887.

| EASTWARD. No. 4. P. M. | No. 2. A. M. | Dis. | STATIONS. | Dis. | WESTWARD. No. 1. A. M | No. 3. P. M |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 19 | 9 14 | 18. | Ar..Bellefte..Lv | 0. | 6 30 | 3 30 |
| 6 09 | 8 59 | 14.7 | ...Hastings, F... | 3.2 | 6 42 | 3 43 |
| 6 00 | 8 52 | 12 5 | .....Hunters ..... | 5.5 | 6 48 | 3 50 |
| 5 56 | 8 47 | 11.2 | .....Fillmore ..... | 6.8 | 6 54 | 3 55 |
| 5 51 | 8 42 | 10. | ....Sellers, F..... | 8. | 6 58 | 4 00 |
| 5 46 | 8 36 | 8. | .....Waddles..... | 10. | 7 04 | 4 06 |
| 5 25 | 8 11 | 3.2 | ...Thompson, F.. | 14.8 | 7 26 | 4 32 |
| 5 20 | 8 07 | 2. | ....Krumrine ... | 16. | 7 30 | 4 37 |
| 5 13 | 8 00 | 0. | ..State College... | 18. | 7 36 | 4 43 |

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Trains 2 and 4 connect with Trains East and West on Bald Eagle Valley Railroad and Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 13th, 1887:

| EASTWARD. | | |
|---|---|---|
| ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia | | 11 25 p m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 3 30 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | 7 10 a m |
| " " Jersey Shore | | 7 35 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 7 55 a m |
| " " Renovo | | 8 50 a m |
| " arr at Erie | | 4 00 p m |
| NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia | | 7 40 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 11 25 a m |
| " arr. at Williamsport | | 2 15 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 3 30 p m |
| " " Renovo | | 4 30 p m |
| " " Kane | | 8 35 p m |
| Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at | | 5 00 p m |
| FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia | | 11 50 a m |
| " Harrisburg | | 3 45 p m |
| " Williamsport | | 7 10 p m |
| " arr at Lock Haven | | 8 02 p m |
| " Renovo | | 9 00 p m |
| SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a | | 4 30 a m |
| " " Harrisburg | | 7 40 a m |
| " " W'm'sport | | 10 35 a m |
| " " " Lock Haven | | 11 35 a m |
| " " arr. at Renovo | | 12 30 p m |
| EASTWARD. | | |
| Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven | | 7 05 a m |
| " " " Jer'y Sh're | | 7 35 a m |
| " " " W'msp't | | 8 15 a m |
| " " arr. at Harrisb'g | | 11 30 a m |
| " " " Phila'phia | | 3 15 p m |
| DAY EXP leaves Kane | | 6 25 a m |
| " " Renovo | | 10 20 a m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 11 15 a m |
| " " Williamsport | | 12 20 p m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | 3 13 p m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 6 50 a m |
| ERIE MAIL leaves Erie | | 2 45 p m |
| " " Renovo | | 11 00 p m |
| " " Lock Haven | | 11 55 p m |
| " " Williamsport | | 1 25 a m |
| " arr at Harrisburg | | 4 30 a m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 8 25 a m |
| RENOVO ACN leaves Renovo daily | | 4 05 p m |
| " arrives at Harrisb'g | | 9 30 p m |
| " " Philadelphia | | 4 25 a m |

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. R. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.


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**DAILY NEWS,**

BELLEFONTE, - - PA.

dec13tf


No American—no man in the world could have put forth a political document at this time which would have attracted the attention and aroused the interest and stirred the public mind as James G. Blaine did when he allowed the publication of his letters, clearly stating that he is not a candidate for the Presidency. It is his friends who are disposed to take him at his word, it is his personal enemies or the enemies of his party who would find behind his declaration, some sinister motive, some effort to deceive or to gain advantage. But at every hand is evident the might of the man. His word can ever move the multitude. Whenever he speaks, he says something, the influence of which is to be felt throughout the land. Whether it be in the campaign or out, whether he be at home or abroad, Mr. Blaine's voice always commands attention.

### Peace on Earth.

Awaits that countless army of martyrs, whose ranks are constantly recruited from the victims of nervousness and nervous diseases. The price of the boon is a systematic course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest and most genial tonic nervines, pursued with reasonable persistence. Easier, pleasanter and safer this than to swatch the victualling department with pseudo-tonics, alcoholic or the reverse, beef extracts, nerve foods, narcotics, sedatives and poisons in disguise. "Tired Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is the providential recuperant of weak nerves, and this glorious franchise being usually the consequences of sound digestion and increased vigor, the great stomachic which insures both a productive also of repose at the required time. Not unrefreshed awakens the individual who uses it, but vigorous, clear headed and tranquil. Use the Bitters also in fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney troubles, constipation and biliousness.

—As Unionville is not a very large community it does not boast of any great mercantile houses, but we don't believe that there can be found anywhere one much more extensive for the territory embraced than that of A. J. & T. E. Griest, of that place. It is certain that the excellent brothers conduct business in a very fair and impartial manner, for they attract about all the trade of the neighborhood. The firm may be considered the John Wanamaker of Unionville.

—How thoughtful it was for the brilliant star to explain in the *Gazette* all about the incidents of the mock trial. Otherwise, people would not have understood, you know. In the next issue he should explain the deep mystery of how two plus two make four, and thus confer a lasting obligation. Some stars are blue and some are green—this one is of the latter color.

—Mr. D. H. Cannon, of Port Matilda, expects to close out his business of manufacturing chairs, at which he is quite extensively engaged. After closing out the business he will remove to Tyrone where he will enter the service of the railroad company and will conduct building operations.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run a special train to Washington on the 1st of March. Tickets good for ten days. Return on any train except the New York and Chicago limited. The train will start at 10.25 a. m. Fare from this place is $6.50.


THE

*Weekly Press,*

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

**$1.00 Subscription per Year. $1.00**

THE BEST HOME PAPER IN AMERICA

THE

**Bellefonte Republican**

OF BELLEFONTE, PA.

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The Best Local Paper in the County

This is not brag.

It is a plain statement of an honest fact.

Ordinarily the weekly issue of a daily paper is esteemed to be merely a digest of the week's news, suited alone for rural readers.

This is not true in reference to the WEEKLY PRESS.

It is especially edited by a trained corps of writers selected for the purpose of making the best paper.

It is adapted to the improvement and enjoyment of both sexes, of all ages, of every family, whether a resident of the city, village or country.

Not a word of crime or impure suggestion in any part of the paper

It is an old paper and carries its age and reputation equally well.

We will send the WEEKLY PRESS, subscription one year, $1.00, and REPUBLICAN, subscription one year, $2.00, *both, one year, one subscription price,* $2.00.

We make this unexceptional proposition in order that the *Weekly Press* and REPUBLICAN may go on trial in every household in this county for an entire year.

Sample copies furnished free on application. Address.

**REPUBLICAN,**

BELLEFONTE, PA.


—In regard to the mysterious disappearance of a daughter of Robert Walker, of Osceola Mills, another account we have heard is the effect that she went to a neighbor's house on Friday night and failed to return. At 10 o'clock the steam whistles in the town were blown and a general alarm was given. This account says that it is feared she was kidnapped. The girl is 14 years of age and is very handsome in appearance. The parents of the girl are in a state of great concern for their daughter whose fate is so uncertain.

—Colonel A. H. Stead has sent in his resignation as Colonel of the Twelfth Regiment, National Guard, Pa. Ill health is cause of the resignation. Lieutenant Colonel Thomas W. Lloyd will become Colonel of the regiment.


English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft, or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist, Bellefonte. 20-2 6m.


—Why cannot the wind see? is the latest popular conundrum. The following complex answer is quite ingenious. Because the wind is a zephyr, zephyr, a yarn, yarn a tale, tale an attachment, attachment love, and love is blind.


### It Did the Work

Thoroughly and still gives unbounded satisfaction, as a Tooth Wash, and Preservative. We are talking about Minot's Dentifrice price 25 cents—It is the best—Try it and be convinced, by securing beautiful white teeth and healthy gums.


—An effort is being made to have a law passed during the present session of Congress declaring the 22d of February, Washington's Birthday, a legal National holiday.


Itch, mange, and scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist, Bellefonte. 20-2-6m.


—Dr. E. R ssell, of Unionville, is afflicted with that very prevalent ailment a bad cold, which has confined him to the house for two days past.


**Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets** The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

*BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.*

**Being entirely vegetable,** they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a **laxative, alterative,** or **purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

**SICK HEADACHE,**

**Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks,** and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

**$500 REWARD**

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.

**SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.**—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza,** and **Catarrhal Headache.** Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

**"Untold Agony from Catarrh."**

Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

**"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."**

THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2908 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

**Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.**

ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

**$1**

**13 WEEKS.**

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Aug6 1f FRANKLIN SQUARE, N. Y.


### Home Testimony.

Gilmore's Aromatic Wine has been produced at Pavilion, Genesee Co., N.Y., for fifteen years past. Batavia is the largest town in the County, and the demand there has steadily increased every year. It was first endorsed by the Genesee Co. Medical Society, and a number of leading physicians used it in their practice. A large demand at once sprung up for it and the druggists were compelled to keep it in stock.

The sales in Batavia are now sixteen hundred bottles a year at retail, and the goods are ordered by the gross. No other remedy has half that sale in the town. It takes a medicine of first-class merit to achieve such a reputation at home.

—People who live near the river are anticipating a great flood.


**OH! MY HEAD.**

The pain from Neuralgia and its companion disease Rheumatism is excruciating. Thousands who could be quickly cured are needlessly suffering. Ath-lo-pho-ros will do for others what it did for the following parties:

Williamsport, Ind., Oct. 3, 1887.

Having been afflicted with neuralgia for the past four years and trying almost everything, but in vain, I finally heard of Athlophoros. After taking one bottle I found it to be helping me, and after taking four bottles of Athlophoros and one of Pills, I found that I was entirely well. I think the medicine is positively a sure cure.

CHAUNCEY B. REDDICK.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Dec 26, 1887.

I have used Athlophoros in my family and find it to be the greatest medicine for neuralgia in existence and having had its fangs fastened upon me for the past 30 years I know whereof I speak. MRS. JULIA CHILTON.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

*THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.*

**DR. HOBENSACK'S NERVOUS DEBILITY PILLS.**

A sure and safe specific for weakness and debility of the nervous system, and general exhaustion arising from youthful imprudence, excesses and overwork of body and brain, causing physical and mental weakness, loss of memory and sexual incapacity. CURES OLD and YOUNG. Price $1 per box. Prepared and for sale at Dr Hobensack's Laboratory, No. 206 N. 2d Street, Phila. Send for circular.

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The most wonderfully complete collection of the ABSOLUTELY USEFUL and PRACTICAL which has ever been published in any nation on the globe. A MARVEL of EVERY-DAY VALUE and actual MONEY EARNING and MONEY-SAVING to every possessor. Hundreds upon hundreds of beautiful and HELPFUL engravings. Its extraordinary low price beyond competition. Nothing in the whole history of the book trade like it. Select something of REAL VALUE to the PEOPLE and sales are SURE. Agents looking for a new and FIRST-CLASS book, write for full description and terms. 30 days' time given Agents without capital. SCAMMELL & CO., B-x 8971, ST. LOUIS, MO., or PHILADELPHIA, PA. 20 7 6m

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**PHILADELPHIA SHOPPING AGENCY**

To those who would like to purchase goods at Philadelphia prices without the expense and trouble of making the journey there, Miss ELLA H. BRUCE offers her services as **Purchasing Agent.** No commission charged. The best of reference given. Correspondence solicited. Inquiries enclosing stamp, promptly answered. Address ELLA H. BRUCE,

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**DEEP** SEA WONDERS exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex of all ages can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at this work. All succeed 20 7 1y

**SICK HEADACHE,**

**Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks,** and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE CREAM of all BOOKS of ADVENTURE

Condensed into one Volume.

**Pioneer Heroes,** AND **Daring Deeds.**

The thrilling adventures of all the hero explorers and frontier fighters with Indians, outlaws and wild beasts, over our whole country, from the earliest times to the present. Lives and famous exploits of DeSoto, La Salle, Standish, Boone, Kenton Brady, Crockett, Bowie, Houston, Carson, Custer, California Joe, Wild Bill Buffalo Bill, Generals Miles and Crook, great Indian Chiefs, and scores of others. SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED with 220 fine engravings. AGENTS WANTED. Low-priced, and beats anything to sell. Time for payments allowed Agents short of funds.

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FECHTER'S FAMOUS

**FAIRICON!**

The above cuts are made from photographs of the [illegible] of this wonderful remedy, the former [illegible] a wife [illegible] and the second [illegible] had restored his hair by means of the [illegible]. This preparation is a [illegible] scientific remedy, the result of a scientific study of the causes governing the growth of hair. I combined the elements of which hair is composed, and tested the mixture [illegible] practically. [illegible] any case of lead, nitrate of silver, sugar of lead, nitrate of [illegible] and all other [illegible] poisons. We [illegible] invite those who have unsuccessfully tried one or all of the various so-called hair tonics, restorers, &c., to make a test of the Fairicon, and we will guarantee [illegible] in from three to six months about a new growth of hair, even if the [illegible] be entirely dried up. In [illegible] cases very rarely and exists in perhaps not more than five cases out of a hundred.

**$1,000 REWARD**

payable to anyone who will prove that our statements are not correct.

FAIRICON No. 1, price 50 cents per bottle, is for heads entirely or partially bald.

FAIRICON No. 2, price 75 cents per bottle, is used on the new hair after its appearance.

FAIRICON No. 3, price 75 cents per bottle, is invaluable as a HAIR DRESSER, especially for ladies. If occasionally used [illegible] it will promote the growth of hair that is falling out, keep it smooth and glossy, remove all dandruff and keep the scalp perfectly clean. IT IS A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP and will preserve the hair of anyone adding it, for the balance of life. While it is used, neither loss nor [illegible] of whiteness need be feared.

FECHTER'S FAMOUS FAIRICON is for sale by all druggists or can be sent by the manufacturers on receipt of price. Send for circular containing history of the discovery of this remedy and testimonials from those who have used it.

E. A. FECHTER & CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Trade supplied by E. Hewitt & Co., New Haven, Ct.

A PRIME INVESTMENT.

**Tortilita Gold & Silver Mining Co.,**

JOSEPH H. REALL, President,

42-48 Congress St., Boston,

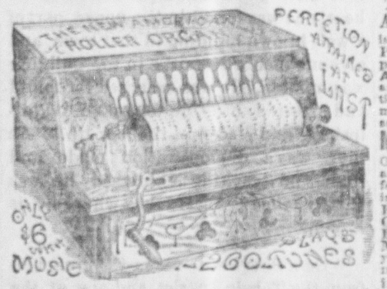
57 Broadway, New York.

**Shares $2 each in any size Lots.**

The twelve Mines and mill of this company have been examined by the eminent Mining engineer, Mr. Francis D. Taylor, 24 Merchants' Exchange, Boston, who reports the property as represented. It is the best in America for its capitalization. 20 1 8m

**INVENTION** has revolutionized the world during the last half century Not the least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. *Grand outfit free.* Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 20 7 1y dar

*Miscellaneous.*



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NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c

**PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS**

SURE, PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

Dr. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It never fails. I would not be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by F. POTTS GREEN, high St., Bellefonte, Pa.

**FREE** FOR MEN ONLY. A TRIAL PACKAGE

Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of

PROF. HARRIS' **SEMINAL PASTILLES.**

A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of Perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health.

To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure TRIAL PACKAGE with Illust'd Pamphlet &c.

CAPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

**VIGOROUS HEALTH**

Avoid the imposition of pretentious remedies for these troubles, and all Quacks, whose only aim is to bleed their victims. Take a SURE REMEDY that HAS CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease its specific influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The wasted animating elements of life are given back, the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7

HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mf'g Chemists, 306½ N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

—The I. O. O. F. of Centre Hall will give an oyster supper next Wednesday.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company pays $9,000,000 to its upward of 11,000 employes.

—Resler Emeigh, of Altoona, killed his daughter Lura and then killed himself on Tuesday evening.

—The entertainment in the Presbyterian chapel, on Thursday evening, by the Beaver band, was decidedly interesting.

—We are very sorry to learn of the illness of Mr. William Burnside, the capable agent for the Fairbanks Scale Company.

—A company has been formed in Lock Haven for the manufacture of terra cotta pipe, patent posts and building bricks. Capital $40,000.

—Luther Shaffer, the convicted murderer of Nora Culvey, now in jail at Lock Haven, has been sentenced to be hanged on the 4th of April.

—H. H. Montgomery will be the candidate on the borough ticket for constable, the position which he has filled with great ability for several years.

—It is rumored that the Centre county *Times* will hereafter be issued from Spring Mills instead of Centre Hall. The *Times* should not back out in that way.

—Three hundred and eight children who have arrived at the age of sixteen years will be discharged from the Soldiers' Orphan's Schools of this State this year.

—The singing of E. M. Blanchard, Esq., and Mr. Voris was an enjoyable feature of the entertainment in the Presbyterian Chapel on Thursday evening.

—A colored man named Jeff Hayden fell a distance of 35 feet while employed at the lime kilns on Wednesday. He broke one of his legs and sustained other injuries.

—Mr. Thomas Shaughency, the street commissioner, gave us a very handsome glass cane on Wednesday. It was made by his son, who is one of the skilled workmen in the glass factory here.

—Andrew Leonard, engineer of Huntingdon local freight, received a serious fall on the pavements of that town on Tuesday evening, fracturing his skull and he has been unconscious ever since.

—The *Centre Democrat* urges a man's high moral character as an argument against his fitness for office. Such argument may have weight in Democratic ranks, but surely not with Republicans.

—More boys are born than girls. The average proportion in this country is 105 boys to one hundred girls. More children are born during January, February and March, than any other quarter of the year.

—There have been so many leap year parties this year that taffy parties were almost forgotten. What's the matter with the old-style taffy? Isn't it the proper attraction with which to draw a company together?

—Quite a large number of persons will unite in giving an entertainment in Humes' Hall some time next month, the proceeds of which will be used in procuring new carpet and other necessary articles for the Y. M. C. A. reading room.

—While we are on the subject of burglaries we are reminded that Mr. Robert Valentine's home was entered a week ago by unknown parties. There is nothing of value in the house to carry off and the burglars had their trouble for their pains.

—Sound ice 2 inches thick will bear men on foot; 4 inches thick will bear men on horseback; six inches will bear teams with heavy loads; 10 inches thick will bear a pressure of 1,000 pounds per square foot, but no thickness of ice in this country will bear the pressure of a cranky free trader.

—From the *Conference News:* "Samuel H. Gray, father of Rev. G. Tarring Gray, of our Conference, died at his home in Half Moon Valley, January 23d. The deceased was a man of distinction and influence, widely known; and also an active and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church."

—Cards are out, says the *Centre Reporter*, announcing the wedding of Miss Minnie Rhinesmith and Mr. Frank W. Musser, to take place on Thursday of next week, February 23, near this place. Miss Minnie, the bride, is a daughter of Mr. David Rhinesmith, formerly of near Centre Hall, and is a most estimable young lady.

—Judge Furst, who granted the liquor licenses in Clearfield county this year had a conference with the hotel keepers of Clearfield last week and requested them to adopt some agreement whereby the sale of liquor in bottles would be restricted to guests. The landlords afterward held a meeting and determined to act in the line indicated.

—Huntingdon *Local News*: On Monday morning, as William Heller and Jacob Shingler were employed in removing a lamp in a quarry near Orbisonia, the rock upon which they were standing gave way, and both the men were carried down in the debris. Heller escaped serious injury by jumping, but Shingler was caught in the rocks and had his spine badly injured and face cut.

## JOSEPH ALEXANDER RANKIN.

### His Death on Wednesday afternoon in this Place.

A LONG AND USEFUL LIFE ENDED PEACEFULLY.

During several years the increasing feebleness of the late Joseph Alexander Rankin has confined him more or less closely to his home. His retirement from business and as a familiar figure on the street was marked in its effect, for seldom is one privileged to meet in business life one more simple and saintly in manner, disposition and action than he whose death we record to-day. His illness became more severe on Saturday last though it did not even then alarm his family. On Wednesday afternoon, about 3.30 o'clock, the final dissolution took place.

The deceased leaves a most affectionate and excellent family—a widow, three daughters and two sons. The daughters are Mrs. Chas. F. Cook and Misses Sarah and Carrie. W. B. Rankin is a son and the other son, John Rankin, is at present in Pasadena, California.

Joseph Alexander Rankin was the son of William Rankin, who was one of the very early residents of this county. Of his father, William Rankin, the Centre County History contains the following record:

"William Rankin was born in Franklin county, Nov. 5, 1770. He removed to Centre county and settled upon a farm two miles west of Potter's Mills. Shortly after he was elected and ordained an elder of the Sinking Spring church. He was the second sheriff of the county in 1803, and from 1806 to 1810 represented the county in the Legislature. In 1828 he removed to Ferguson township, near the Centre line and died in Nov. 29, 1847." Of his eleven children the history mentions the following:

William Rankin, M. D., of Shippensburg, deceased.

John M. Rankin, injured by a threshing machine, from effects of which he died.

James Rankin, of Muncy, deceased.

Adam Rankin, of Muncy.

Joseph Alaxender Rankin, of Bellefone. [The subject of this notice.]

Archibald, of Philadelphia.

Abigail, who married, removed to Iowa.

All who are mentioned above, except Abigail, have passed away and Joseph Alexander was the last of the sons. He was 81 years of age in September of last year. He was born while his father resided near Centre Hill in this county. In early life, Mr. Rankin engaged in the insurance business and for many years rode through the country on horseback in the pursuit of his business. While living in Ferguson township Mr. Rankin also filled the position of postmaster. He married in 1850.

Since he was seventeen or eighteen years of age he has been connected with the Presbyterian church, and his life has been so singularly consistent and pure that not a person has ever spoken a word against him. Oftentimes we have imagined that the life of the real Christian should be so upright that the world could at once read his profession, faith and character in his face and action. This had its realization in Mr. Rankin as certainly as in any other person whom we ever met. To be in his company was a benediction.

More than twenty years ago he came with his family to Bellefonte, that his children might have the advantage of educational facilities afforded here. He with his son, W. B. Rankin, conducted the somewhat extensive and always prominent insurance agency of J. A. Rankin & Son, the senior member of the firm retiring a few years ago and his son continuing the business.

Mr. Rankin retained his faculties to the last. His eyesight was peculiarly good, His hand was steady and could guide the pen with ease, his penmanship being very legible. In every respect he was a remarkable man.

### In Memoriam.

RODGERS.—Joseph Rodgers, Sr., born August 24, 1804; died at his home in Milesburg, February 11, 1888; aged 83 years, 5 months and 17 days.

He was a man of God and an honored member of the M. E. church for upwards of 60 years. His life was one of untiring devotion to the church he so much loved, and to the family whom he almost idolized. He lived prepared to die, and died prepared to live—forever. He leaves behind a devoted wife and an affectionate son, who deeply mourn their loss, and who we lovingly commend to the God *he* so *faithfully* served. It was the writer's blessed privilege to stand by his side when he met his last enemy—death; and with the sainted Wesley I can say: "Our people die well," and I felt while there that "The chamber where the good man meets his fate is privileged beyond the common walks of man, quite on the borders of the Promised Land." I need not here enumerate the many precious evidences given us in his last hour that all was well. A few will suffice. To the questions—"Are you nearing the Jordan? Is it well with thy soul? and Is Jesus coming to take you to His own dear home? he nodded assent; and then fell asleep in Jesus." The church has lost its oldest and one of its best citizens; the wife a loving husband, and the son an affectionate father. But we firmly believe that Jesus has safely housed one more trophy of His saving power.

### The Ameridan Policy.

It is a fact worthy of thoughtful consideration that three pounds of iron ore, in the ground, is worthless, but made into one pound of good iron it is worth four cents. The pound of iron converted into a bar of cast steel still becomes worth seventeen cents. Convert the bar of steel into fishing hooks, and it becomes worth $3,500. Three-fourths of the increased value of the three pounds of iron ore, when made into fishing hooks, represents labor and the other fourth capital.

The free trade policy would leave all our iron ore in the earth useless, and substitute in its place the ready manufactured article from abroad, necessitating us to send our money to foreign countries for the article of iron, and thereby give employment to labor *there* and profits to *their* capitalists, whilst our laborers would become impoverished for the want of employment and our capitalists bankrupt.

Other manufacturies are the same as iron. The American policy develops our riches by furnishing remunerative employment to labor and capital. None but cranks will favor the free trade, or British policy.

### Howard Items.

Hays Schenck moves into Mrs. Mary Holter's house on the first of April next.

James and Wm. Wyble have the contract of coaling 1500 cords of wood for the Messrs. Curtins.

Mr. Bony, of Mt. Eagle, will move into Howard and open a boot and shoe shop, on the first of next month.

Thomas Longy, of Marion township, will move into Ira C. Leathers, house in the spring.

Daniel Schenck has bought a lot of the Tipton estate and will erect a dwelling house on it during the summer.

The Howard Cornet Band will give one of their superb entertainments in Lucas' Hall on Saturday evening next, the 18th inst. The entertainment will consist of dramas, farces, colored stump speeches, etc. This band always have crowded houses and give splended performances.

Malcolm Beck, a bright ten year old son of Dr. Beck, of Howard, was injured by being run over by a sled. Under the skillful care of his father the young lad is improving and we hope he will soon be around again.

### Leap Year Sledding Party.

On Monday evening of this week a large party, composed principally of young people from Milesburg, went in a couple of sleds to the house of Mr. Ed. Shope at Howard. The excursion was planned by the ladies. The first sled contained the following gentlemen and ladies: Messrs. Albert Astin, Boyd Stonerode, Ed. Wilson, Reub. H. Smith, Harry Smith and Herman Aikey; Misses Mary Smith, Lulu Reese, Claudia Smith, Laura Cowell, Minnie Reese and Katie Haverack.

The second party was composed of Messrs. Will Smith, Geo. P. Wallace, George Orris, Walter Smith, Will Cowell and H. E. Weaver; Misses Emma Stevens, Florence Orris, Blanche Stonerode, Ida Orris, Josie Reese, Fannie Neff and Stella Stonerode.

The time was spent in a very enjoyable manner. Excellent music, refreshments, abundance of fun, etc., filled in the hours of night and early morning.

### Sandy Ridge Improvements.

Mr. A. C. Moyer is the competent superintendent of the Sandy Ridge Fire Brick Works, and under his management it is prospering in a high degree. During all of this season a full complement of employes have been at work there and all the time has been industriously occupied. Twenty-two thousand bricks are manufactured weekly, the works producing bricks at the rate of 500,000 a year. The orders now on hand at this usually dull season of the year are encouraging in number and quality, showing a most prosperous condition.

It is intended to increase the activity of the works during the coming summer. The prospects will warrant the most indomitable push and enterprise. The managers of the splendid and useful institution have our congratulations on the present and future.

### A Sleighing Party.

On Wednesday evening of last week six of Boalsburg's fair young people spent the evening very pleasantly at Mr. J. H. Johnson's on Bishop street.

They were Misses Lilly Smith, Annie Condo and Ella Frederick, their gentleman escorts being Prof. Rothrock, Henry Hosterman and Richard Creamer.

Seven other guests were present, viz., Prof. Johnstonbaugh, Maggie Rodgers and her brother Charley, Maggie Swartz, Carrie Mechley, Ira Moore and Will Kuhn.

An excellent supper was served after which the party indulged in some pleasant games until 2 o'clock warned them it was time to return home.

—Ex Governor Curtin proposes that the Reserve Association shall build a memorial hall at Gettysburg, something similar to that at Harvard University, in which shall be gathered trophies of the prowess of the Reserves, and portraits and statues of their officers. Plans for the memorial hall have been prepared by Architect Smithmeyer, of Pittsburg. It is to be of granite, iron and glass, and practically indestructible.

### Huntingdon's Ghost Story.

Just now the ancient village of Huntingdon is greatly agitated by a ghost story. For a new and frivolous village to be thus affected would be reasonable, but when an ancient and sedate community permits itself to be convulsed in this superstitious manner it deserves the most stern reprimand. At first we supposed that the ghost existed only in the minds of some sensational news gatherer with which that borough is inflicted, but the *Local News* gives the story countenance in its columns; hence there must be some genuine fright, even if no ghost.

The account states that the house where the supernatural visitor is supposed to show itself is located on Moore street, near 7th, and is a small two story frame building, with a back shanty. It was occupied last summer by Polish Jews who bore the name of Sausman. They departed last fall and in December the house was rented by a family named Ramsey. Mr. Ramsey was bothered at night by strange sounds. He told his brother-in-law, D. S. Lynn, about it and that gentleman, who had no faith in ghosts, volunteered to remain with him during a night. This is the account which Mr. Lynn gives of his experience:

"I had just fallen into a slight slumber when I was rudely awakened about one minute of 12 o'clock by the most horrifying sounds I have ever heard. Mingled with the angry voices of several men came a thundering clatter of tinware, and then the noise as of the falling of a human body on the stairs. These sounds were succeeded by the apparent dragging of an inanimate body down the stairs followed by the noise of picking and shoveling in the cellar. I then heard a heavy step on the stairs leading to our bedroom when suddenly a man, carrying a huge pack on his back, entered the door and walked silently towards my bed. The lamp in the room was burning brightly, and I could distinctly see his movements. I said to him, "What do you want?" when instantly he vanished from my sight while within arms length of my bed. I am not a spiritualist, nor a believer in supernatural visitations from the dead; but I would not repeat my experience of that night for any amount of money."

Mr. Linn is a responsible gentleman, a prominent church member, and his account of the vision is credited by many, but not by those who have no faith in spirits or hobgoblins. Mr. Ramsey, who was with Mr. Linn, did not see the man, but says he heard the noise. Mr. Ramsey's wife never saw the man or heard the noises, and as far as we could learn none of the neighbors heard the noise, nor imagined they heard it, until after the story got out that there was something mysterious about the house. Mr. Ramsey's fright caused him and his family to quit the premises. Before leaving Mr. Ramsey found in a corner underneath the floor of the shanty, a bundle of clothing which is said to belong to a Jew pedlar named Ralph Sharsman. He threw them out at the back of the lot, where they were examined on Thursday by Dr. J. H. Davidson, the health officer of the borough, and a few others. The clothing consisted of a black knit blouse, pantaloons cut in two, and a shirt the arms of which were tied in a knot, and seemed to be stained red as if with blood. Pieces of a heavy flour sack were also found that seemed to be blood-stained. Dr. Davidson took the shirt with him, and intends having a microscopic examination made of the stains to ascertain whether it is blood or not.

Sharsman, the pedlar, boarded in the house, but some time last May he suddenly disappeared, and it was reported that he had skipped his board bill and gone to parts unknown. He was a man of medium height, slightly stooped, dark complexion, with heavy black beard. This is the description of the man Mr. Lynn declares he saw in his vision.

### The Colby Tragedy.

As the regular February term of court in Lock Haven is but little more than a week off, much interest is manifested by the public in general as to whether or not the two Klines will be tried at that time. Messrs. W. H. Clough and John B. Myers, attorneys for Johnson and the Klines, stated on Thursday morning to a representative of the *Express* that they had been notified by the District Attorney that the Klines would be tried for highway robbery. Messrs. Clough and Myers are confident that a new trial will be given to Johnson. They further stated that if a new trial was not obtained they expected to carry the case to the Supreme court, and had the assurance of financial assistance from several well known citizens. It is seldom that attorneys interest themselves so much in a case where there is no possible chance for remuneration as Messrs. Clough and Myers are in the cases of these men.

—Well, after all, that generous and gentlemanly young man named Francis Speer deserves untold credit for what he has done for the Y. M. C. A. Francis has, on several occasions, gotten up these mock trials, and although the admission fee was so small on each occasion that everyone could attend, the aggregate profit has been quite handsome and been an item of importance to the Association funds. Notwithstanding the young man has a habit of imposing on us in a way which made us resent it in lively style in Wednesday's issue he nevertheless causes much fun and entertainment, and if it were not for Francis' presence and efforts it would not be near so interesting. We know Francis like a book. He is one of the best young men who ever breathed Bellefonte air, and when it comes to sober earnest discussion we'll swear by him every time.

—Auditor General A. Wilson Norris has just issued a circular to the various county officers of the State, which explains itself. It says: "In view of the past delinquencies of a number of county officers entrusted with the collection of State revenues and the liability of this department to censure therefore, it is my intention to insist that in the future all such officers shall make return and payment on the first Mondays of January, April, July and October of each year of moneys collected by them, as provided in an act entitled 'An act relating to accounts of several county officers of this Commonwealth,' approved May 14th, 1874, and an 'act of March 31st, 1876.' Where monthly or quarterly returns and payments are not made, I shall direct an agent, appointed by me, to examine the accounts of the person or persons so failing to make returns and payments, and on his report proceed to make settlement for the amount due to the Commonwealth, and to which amount will be added 50 per centum as specified in the aforesaid act. If the delinquent be a County Treasurer, I shall also feel it my duty to bring his case to the attention of the Attorney General."

### Saved by His Daughter.

Colonel David Taggart, of Northumberland, is a prominent Republican of that county, having been paymaster during the war, speaker of the State Senate and member of the Republican State committee. At present he is a member of the State Board of Agriculture. He was sitting in his office Tuesday evening reading, as is his custom, when he was suddenly struck down with a stroke of paralysis. In falling he clutched the table and dragged a lighted coal oil lamp with him. It set fire to the papers surrounding him, and in an instant the whole office was in a blaze.

Colonel Taggart being unable to move, his daughter rushed to the office, and with great difficulty, as he is a large man of powerful physique, succeeded in pulling him out before it was too late. The neighbors, alarmed by her cries, hastened to the scene and extinguished the flames and assisted in taking Mr. Taggart into the house. He has been unconscious ever since. His age is about 67 years.

—The bodies of Resler and Lura Emigh, the Altoona murderer and his victim, were on Thursday afternoon sent to Wilmore for burial. At the coroner's inquest held that day there were no facts elicited which would shed any light upon the causes leading to the murder and suicide. A number of witnesses were examined. At the conclusion of the taking of the testimony the jury formulated the following verdicts: That "Laura Emigh's death was caused by two pistol shots, one in the abdomen and one which entered between the seventh and eighth rib about two inches to the right of the spinal column and came out one inch to the right of the breast bone, and that the pistol was fired by her father, Resler Emigh." The verdict in the case of Resler Emigh was that "death was caused by a pistol shot wound in the head, the pistol having been fired by his own hand." Emigh was twice married, his dead daughter being a child of the first wife. His second wife lives at Portage.

### Class Entertained.

On Friday evening, the 10th of February, Miss Maggie Johnson had the pleasure of receiving her Sabbath-school class who came to spend the evening with her, at the home of her sister, Mrs. S. J. Musser, on Bishop street. The party was composed of girls, namely, Misses Emma and Alice Everhard, Eva Deshner, Ella Kauffman, Nellie Rodgers, Amy Rowan, Lizzie Smith, Lizzie O'Brien, Maggie Hunter, Carrie Leitzel, Jennie Longacre. All spent the evening pleasantly, enjoying games and partaking of refreshments. Welcome callers during the evening were Misses Emma and Blanche Johnson, Mary Rhoan and Maggie Rodgers. At a reasonable hour the company dispersed after an evening of unalloyed pleasure.

### How to Assess Taxes.

Divide the whole amount of tax, after deducing the poll tax, by the whole of the valuation of the district, and the quotient will be the tax rate on $5. Multiply this by the number of dollars of valuation against any person's property, and the product, with the poll tax added, will be the whole tax to be collected from each person. Send $1.50 to the FOUNTAIN, Bellefonte, Pa., and secure for one year the most instructive journal published.

—Recently we published notice of the marriage of Mr. John S. Fleck and Miss Rosetta Hazel, all of Pleasant Gap. On Friday last they returned from a brief wedding journey and a reception was tendered them at the home of Mr. Hazel, the bride's father. They are now comfortably and pleasantly located at Pleasant Gap, where we hope they will have much happiness and prosperity.

—On Thursday, says the Altoona *Tribune*, about 4 o'clock the alarm of fire was in Duncansville, and for a while it was feared that this progressive community would be visited by a damagin conflagration. The roof of the store and office building belonging to the Portage iron company, limited, was discovered to be on fire, and was making considerable headway. The prompt action, however, of the men about the store and mill prevented any serious damage being done to the building. The loss is slight and fully covered by insurance. It is not known how the fire originated. It was first discovered burning near the eaves of the roof in the eastern end of the building, near which there was neither flue nor stove-pipe. It is thought a spark from somewhere lodged on the roof.

**Deafness Can't be Cured**

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachain Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

☞Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

—Lewistown *Free Press:* Mr. A. J. Wagner, a merchant of Lillyville, Mifflin county, who belonged to the One Hundred and Thirty-first Pennsylvania volunteers, informs us that he had a close call to being buried alive. That while lying sick in the hospital at Stoneman's Switch, in Virginia, a strange jaggling feeling began at his feet and gradually working up soon had control over his whole body, the physician pronounced him dead. A pine box was brought in, he was placed in it, but before they came to remove it, Jackson came to, and the burial was postponed. He still lives to tell of the narrow escape.

—On Wednesday the State Encampment of the G. A. R. elected officers as follows: Department Commander, Col. Frank M. Magee; Senior Vice Commander, W. R. Jones; Junior Vice Commander, George A. Hart; Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Sayres; Council of Administration, William Emsley, Benjamin L. Meyers, Eli G. Sellers, John F. Hunter and M. L. Wagenseller; Medical Director, S. F. Chapin. The new commander appointed General Thomas L. Stewart as Assistant Adjutant General, and Harry G. Williams, as Assistant Quartermaster General.

—The Right Rev. Thomas McGovern, bishop-elect of this diocese, has received his letter of confirmation from Rome, and the consecration will take place as soon as arrangements can be perfected. Father McGovern left his home at Danville last Saturday for New York to attend to matters connected with his induction into the high office to which he has been chosen. He has appointed Father C. A. Schleuter, of Chambersburg, recently suspended by Rev. Father McBride, to take charge of his Danville parish during his absence.

—President McCosh, of Princeton, is fairly entitled to retire on his laurels. During the twenty years of his presidency between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 have been subscribed to the college, the number of students has been increased from 264 to upward of 600, the number of professors from 17 to 41, while the buildings and the books and apparatus of the college have been more than doubled, the standard of scholarship has been materially raised and a dozen new fellowships have been founded.

—John S. Wilson, the general freight traffic manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has received an offer from President Corbin, of the Reading Railroad, to take full charge of the reorganized company, with the office of vice president. The offer made is very flattering, and Mr. Wilson is holding it under advisement. He is regarded in railway circles as one of the most capable and experienced managers in the country.

—Peter Druckenrod, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, has a stove that was cast in 1769. It has but one door, that for putting in wood in front, and has what is supposed to be a coat of arms on the front. On each side is the head of a woman and W. H. Stiegel, 1769, Elizabeth furnace. At the lower corners of the sides are Masonic emblems and on the back the figure of a man standing against a tree.

—A genius in New York has started a school to prevent people from coughing. He has pupils who have the habit of coughing, and his system is designed to break it up. The class is stood in a row and made to sing "Home, Sweet Home," taking a long breath whenever they have a desire to cough. It is said that the habit is gradually overcome by following these directions.

**Bellefonte Republican,**

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

## Local Department.

—Election day was unusually pleasant.

—The moon was quarter full on Sunday.

—Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of this week are Ember Days.

—No quarrel that we heard of occurred to mar Tuesday's peaceful battle.

—It was a bald-headed man who first said, "There's plenty of room at the top."

—Water from the river Styx would be good material for mucilage manufacturers.

—Persons who have been granted pensions are Samuel F. George and William E. Boals, of Philipsburg.

—It is a fact, apparent to everybody, that we are just now having a season of unusually bright, lovely weather for winter.

—A young man who lives at Milesburg and who is employed at the Nail Works had his thumb severely injured on Tuesday while working with the large shears at the factory.

—The local convention of the Y. M. C. A. begins in Bellefonte this week—we believe, on Friday—and lasts until Sunday evening, with exercises and services of great interest.

—John G. Love and Will E. Gray, Esqs., have moved from their former legal headquarters and are now located in the office occupied by the late ex-Judge Adam Hoy, on High street.

—During Lent there is morning prayer every week-day in the Episcopal church at 10 o'clock and evening prayer every day at 5 o'clock except Wednesdays and Fridays, when it is at 7.30 o'clock with an address.

—When electricity takes the place of hanging as a capital punishment, the Judge will charge the jury; the jury charge the battery; the battery charge the prisoner, and the Sheriff will charge the country.

—The managers of the show which exhibited in the Opera House on Tuesday afternoon sent up a large balloon at about quarter to 6 o'clock. It floated away in an eastern direction quite successfully.

—Francis Speer telephones us that a series of entertainments are to be given at once for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. the special object being the purchase of carpet. A mock trial will be among the entertainments.

—To nominate J. L. Spangler, Esq., burgess of Bellefonte seems very peculiar. He spends so much of his time in Cambria county that he would certainly not have time or inclination to attend to the duties of the office.

—Many persons use the phrase "in a trice" who have no conception of its meaning. A trice is the sixtieth part of a second of time, the hour is divided into 60 minutes, the minutes 60 seconds and the seconds into 60 trices.

—Wednesday (Washington's Birthday) the presiding officer of the Senate at Washington read the immortal "Farewell Address" of the Father of His Country and then the senators quit work and will play the rest of the day.

—A scientist says: "If the land were flattened out the sea would be two miles deep all over the world." If any fellow around here undertakes the flattening process shoot him quick, for there are a great many poor mortals who cannot swim.

—It is our real belief that the dramatic representation of Lucretia Borgia tomorrow evening, by Claire Scott and her company, will be the most artistic event of the season and all amusement lovers should reserve a seat at Keichline's at once.

—The first of the series of entertainments to be given in aid of the carpet fund of the Y. M. C. A. will consist of select music, dialogues, orations, etc. The entertainments will probably be held in Humes' Hall. A meeting, to be held this evening, will fix the time.

—According to native journals Japan can boast of a phenomenal giantess. Though only twelve years and five months of age, she is stand eight feet and to weigh over 270 pounds. Her hands measure over nine inches in length and her feet fifteen inches.

—John M. Underwood, a wealthy and prominent citizen of Danvers, Massachusetts, 75 years of age, was found frozen to death some distance from his house on Thursday morning. He was a somnambulist, and probably walked out of the house during the night while asleep.

—The careless use of the editorial "we" frequently gets newspaper men into trouble, and the use of the word "we" to represent the people of the whole country is sometimes as fatal—at least this is probably the opinion of the editor of the Springfield *Union*, who recently said: "We ate 3,100,000 bags of peanuts last year."

# THE RESULT!

## POLITICS ALL MIXED UP IN BELLEFONTE.

### REPUBLICANS ELECT FIVE BOROUGH OFFICERS AND THE DEMOCRATS ELECT FOUR.

## SOME REPUBLICANS DID NOT DO THEIR DUTY.

## Other Boroughs and Townships.

The result of Tuesday's election in Bellefonte is not one of which the controlling party—the Republicans—have any reason to be proud. Two of its candidates who should, by all means, have been elected were defeated. We refer to Walter W. Bayard, the candidate for burgess, and to George L. Smith, the candidate for tax collector. They are young men of the highest honor, the purest patriotism and the best character, who if elected would have graced the positions. That they were not elected is no credit to the Republican party of Bellefonte, and if the party can stand it the REPUBLICAN and the two candidates named will endeavor to do so. While we regret the defeat of these gentlemen we particularly rejoice in the triumph of Capt. H. H. Montgomery for constable and of D. M. Glenn, the brave veteran, for assistant burgess, and we earnestly congratulate them. Of course, too, we are very glad that Mr. Cook was elected treasurer, Mr. Benner for assessor and Mr. John Kline for auditor. In each instance they had excellent opponents and their triumph was the measure of the party strength which should prevail in all the separate contests.

The result briefly summarized is as follows:

Walter W. Bayard, republican, received 347 votes and J. L. Spangler 381, which elects to the position of Burgess of Bellefonte a Coal Baron and magnate, who is now booming the new town of Hastings in Cambria county, by 34 majority.

Mr. D. M. Glenn, republican, for assistant burgess, received 382 votes; Thomas Shaughency, Jr., 351. Glenn's majority 31.

For Assessor H. H. Benner, republican, received 400 votes; Daniel Everhart, democrat, 333 votes. Benner's majority, 67.

For Treasurer, Chas. F. Cook, republican, received 469 votes; Emil Joseph, democrat, 262 votes. Cook's majority, the largest on either side, 207.

For Collector of Taxes, George L. Smith, republican, received 356 votes and J. M. Keichline, democrat, 377 votes, giving the latter 21 majority.

For constable Capt. H. H. Montgomery republican, has 449 votes and J. C. Malloy, democrat, 281. Montgomery's majority 168.

For Overseer of Poor James Schofield, democrat, has 448 votes; D. K. Tate, republican, 279. Schofield's majority 169.

John Kline, the republican candidate for auditor, who received 402 votes, is elected over John M. Lane, democrat, whose vote was 335, by 67 majority.

Leander Green, republican candidate for high constable, received 358 votes. His opponent, Eli Baney, 369. Baney's majority 11.

The result by wards is given:

*North Ward*—Chief Burgess, Bayard 162, Spangler 136; Assistant Burgess, Glenn 193, Shaughency 108; Assessor, Everhart 160, Benner 197; Treasurer, Cook 231, Joseph 70; Collector, Keichline 136, Smith 164, Constable, Montgomery 221, Mallory 75; High Constable, Green 177, Baney 121; Overseer, Tate 141, Schofield 155; Auditor, Kline 193 Lane 108; Judge of Elections, Hewes 193, Kline 166; Inspector, Harris 192, Buck 108; Council, Potter 180, Munson 119; School Director, Harris 203, Woodring 96; Registration Assessor, Wagner 197, Galbraith 103.

*South Ward*—Burgess, Bayard 109, Spangler 186, Assistant Burgess, Glenn 110, Shaughency 182; Assessor, Everhart 179, Benner 117; Treasurer, Cook 138, Joseph 155; Tax Collector, Keichline 174, Smith 113; Constable, Montgomery 140, Mallory 180; High Constable, Baney 189, Green 103; Overseer, Schofield 207, Tate 86; Auditor, Lane 175, Kline 121; Judge of Election, Bower 178, Johnson 113; Inspector, Garman 178, Parsons 115; Council, Bauer 167, Feaster 122; School Director, Wian 182, Desliva 109; Registration Assessor, Gehrity 179, Green 111.

*West Ward*—Burgess, Bayard 76, Spangler 59; Assistant Burgess, Glenn 79, Shaughency 61; Assessor, Benner 86, Everhard 54; Treasurer, Cook 100, Joseph 39; Collector, Smith 79, Keichline 62; Constable, Montgomery 88, Mallory 51; High Constable, Green 78, Baney 59, Overseer, Schofield 86, Tate 52; Auditor, Kline 88, Lane 52, Judge of Election, Herkheimer 92, Blair 49; Inspector, Bartley 91 Miller 50; Council, Olewine 61, Gross 78; School Director, Stover, 2 years 91, Haer 3 years 92, Noll 2 years 58, Hempfield, 3 years 43.

The returns from such boroughs and townships as we can procure in time for publication to-day are given:

*Spring Township*—Judge of Election, D Rhinesmith; Inspectors, Foster Jodon, T M Barnhart; Justices of the Peace, M P Weaver, Perry Steele; School Directors, R M Kemp, Amos Garbrick; Overseer o Poor, Albert Smeltzer; Supervisors, B Gentzel, Henry Taylor; Assessor, M P Riddle; Collector, John S Roan; Treasurer, James Alexander; Constable, J H Oliger; Auditor, E K Keller; Clerk, J G Dubbs.

*Benner Township*—Judge of Election, John Reed; Inspectors, Wm Shadle, H K Hoy; Collector, S C Barthgate; Assessor, J B Roan; Supervisors, Wm Crape, Wm Solt; School Directors, Wm Isbler, J Keller; Poor Overseer, Henry Sample; Auditor A. Y. Wagner; Township Clerk, Daniel Heckman; Constable, A. Rider.

*Burnside Township*—Judge of Election, William Croft; inspectors, Bert Beightol, D. H. Michaels, School directors, Fred Carson, Herbert Bates; Supervisors, Samuel Bechtol, George Conoway; Assessor, William Stevens; Auditor, A. V. Dougherty; Overseer of Poor, William Stuart; Tax Collector, Jacob Creft; Constable, Thomas Bechtal; Treasurer, Dr. M. Stewart.

*Milesburg*—Burgess, L. T. Eddy; Justice of Peace, Geo. W. Gray; Judge of Election, James McCully; Inspector, Joseph Baird; Constable, James Gray; Assessor, P. H. Haupt; Council, Llewelyn Fulton, James Bradley; Overseer of Poor, Z B. Miles; School Directors, Z. T. Harshberger, Jacob H. Smith; Tax Collector, W. R. Campbell; Auditor, John Hibler; High Constable, Edward Bloom.

*College Township*—Judge of Election, John W. Getz; Inspector, Cornelius Dale; School Directors, Jacob Shuey, Jacob Herman; Assessor, John E. Murray; Overseer, John H. Mitchell; Supervisors, William Lytle, Frederick Decker; Auditor, Cyrus Wasson; Collector, Edwin Sellers, Clerk, Thomas Dale; Constable, James Ray.

*Centre Hall Borough*—Chief Burgess, John Spangler, Assistant burgess, Josiah Dale; Council, A S Kerlin, Geo Ocker, J D Murray; Judge of Election, John Dauberman; Inspector, E M Huyett; High Constable, W H Runkle; Overseer of Poor, D F Luhr; School Directors, Charles Emerick, D J Meyer; Assessor, J W McCormick; Tax Collector, John Emerick; Treasurer, H W Kreamer; Constable, D A Boozer; Auditor, John Dauberman, Jr

*Millheim Borough*—Chief Burgess, E W Stover; Assistant Burgess, John H Auman; Council, Jacob Alter, 3 years, Henry Brown 3 years, Jacob Gephart 1 year; School Director, W R Alexander 3 years, Frank Knarr 3 years; Overseer of Poor, John H Maize; Tax Collector, A A Frank; Assessor, C W Hartman; High Constable, Jacob Keen; Judge of Election, Capt. John Miller; Inspectors, W H Miller H W Bollinger; Auditor, J H B Hartman. Constable, George Mensch.

*Curtin Township*—Judge of Election, R. A. Poorman; Inspectors, Wm. Whiteman, A D Lucas; Assessor, T S DeLong; Tax Collector, John Wensel; School Directors, Robert Mann, Wm. Wensel; Overseers, D Brickley, N J McCloskey; Supervisors, H Watkin Samuel Buckley; Constable, Wm Packer; Clerk, Wm Robb.

*Howard Township*—Judge of Election, Eman Pletcher; Inspectors, J S Bathurst, Supervisors, Peter Ropp, Frank Confer, Collector, John F Schenck; School Directors, Frank Dietz, William Hanan; Assessor, A R Bathurst; Overseer, J E Leathers; Auditor, S C Bower; Constable, T B Sanders; Justice of Peace, Jonathan Schenck; Township Clerk, D B Schenck.

*Union Township*—Judges of Election, W B Turner, Wm. Resides; Inspector, Elwood Fisher; Assessor, T W Fisher; Supervisors, Wm Hosband, Henry Spotts; Constable, D B Allen; Justice of Peace, Frederick Sensor; School Directors, G P Hall, W B Turner; Overseer, Austin Lucas; Auditor, R L Scholl; Township Clerk, T W Fisher; Tax Collector, Wm Spotts.

*Howard Borough*—Justice of Peace, Samuel F Kline; Judge of Election, W W Pletcher; Inspector, W E Confer; Assessor, Hayes Schenck; Collector, W N Neff; Auditor, A A Schenck; School Director, Jacob Z Long; Overseer of Poor, William B Smith; Constable, William N Neff; Township Clerk, Jacob B Leathers; Chief Burgess, Ira Packer; Council, D W Pletcher, B F Holter; High Constable, A B Holter.

### Y. M. C. A. Conference.

The Williamsport District of Young Men's Christian Association meets in Bellefonte on Friday evening. Rev. S. A. Taggart will be present and between 30 and 40 delegates will represent the various Associations in the District. The programme and places of meeting are given below. The opening address by Dr. Webster, of Williamsport, will no doubt be an unusually attractive feature of the convention and every one should try to be present and hear it. The programme is as follows:

FRIDAY

7:00 p m—Song Service, (in Presbyterian chapel)

7:30 p m—Address: "The Value of an Association as an Aid to Church Work," by Rev. Samuel E. Webster D. D, of Williamsport.

SATURDAY

9:00 a m—Devotional Exercises (in Y M C A Hall)

9:30 a m—Reports from Associations.

10:00 a m—Business Management in an Association.

10:30 a m—Importance of Personal Effort with Methods.

11:00 a m—The Bible in our Associations.

11:30 a m—Conversation: "What are our Difficulties and How to Meet Them?"

2:00 p m—Bible Reading, (in Y M C A Hall.)

2:30 p m—Christian Work for Young Men in Towns of 10,000 inhabitants and under.

3:00 p m—In What Way can the Association Work be Specially Adapted to the Needs of College Students?

3:30 p m—How to Make the Young Men's Meeting Successful.

4:00 p m—How to Arrange for Canvass for a Building.

7:00 p m—Song Service, (in M E church)

7:30 p m—How to make the Association Rooms Socially Attractive to all Young Men.

8:00 p m—What the Community Expects of a Young Men's Christian Association, and the Association of the Community.

SUNDAY

9:00 a m—Consecration Meeting for Men only, (in Y M C A Hall)

4:00 p m—Gospel Meeting for Men, (in Y M C A Hall)

4:00 p m—Meeting for Women, (in M E church) addressed by Rev. S. A. Taggart and others.

7:30 p m—Farewell Meeting, (in Reformed church) conducted by Rev. S. A. Taggart.

—Now that the ballots are counted and there are numerous officers-elect who will soon step into the shoes of those who are about to step out we take pleasure in looking over the field and awarding honor where it is due. We believe that Mr. John Moore retires as school director. He has been a most conscientious and faithful director, giving much of his valuable time to the duties at expense and loss to himself. Like the position of councilman that of school director is rewardless and thankless, so those who fill the positions and devote heir time to the duties are truly public spirited. Mr. Moore has visited the schools frequently, he has taken an interest in improvements and changes, he has proven himself to be the true friend of education, and we are sure that whether a director or not his presence will always be welcome in the schools. Quite recently he visited Philipsburg and compared the new school house in that place with the one here. The Philipsburg building cost the most, but we do not believe that Mr. Moore would be willing to exchange the new school building here for two like the one in Philipsburg.

—The tariff is the important political question. An article which is very strong on this subject and is of special interest to farmers is published on the inside pages of the REPUBLICAN this week.

### MANY SMALL AFFAIRS.

BROUGHT UP FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF BOROUGH COUNCIL.

The gentlemen who are elected to-day to the position of councilmen will find it a thankless task and one which no citizen has any reason to desire to fill. For instance, at the meeting on Monday night, though nothing that is of much importance to record was brought to their attention yet several hours work were mapped out for some of the members, and this is repeated twice every month.

Mr. Brew was the acting president on Monday evening, Mr. Hillibish arriving late. There were no verbal communications. Orvis, Bower & Orvis sent notice to the council that an application will be made to court for the appointment of viewers to condemn the Centre and Kishacoquillas Turnpike. A motion was carried that the communication be referred to the Street committee and that they confer with the solicitor so that the necessary steps may be taken to protect the interests of the borough.

The committee having in charge the new ordinance prohibiting the erection or maintenance of booths on the street reported that the solicitor is not prepared to give an opinion in reference to the incorporation of a market ordinance with it, and asked until next meeting to consider the subject.

The Street committee believe that a change in the arrangement of the lights near the rink building will be an improvement. They also recommended a light beyond Mr. Gerberich's residence on Smith street, one on Logan street between Spring and Allegheny, one on the Lewistown turnpike and one on East Bishop street.

The sewer gas at mouth of Allegheny and Lamb street sewer having been complained of, on motion it was decided to place a wooden stack over sewer, the work to be under the direction of the Street committee.

The new band is making use of the Undine hose house and to the Fire and Police committee was referred the arrangements with the band in regard to expense thus entailed.

### Capacity of the Sandy Ridge Fire Brick Works.

In a recent notice of the Sandy Ridge Fire Works we very greatly underestimated its capacity, by getting the yearly production confounded with the quantity produced monthly. The daily production of the works is 22,000 bricks, which brings the monthly production up to the high figure of 550,000 and the annual production almost 7,000,000. The production in the yearly aggregate is enormous and represents an industry which is an important factor in the county's wealth. These works have always been operated in an exceptionally progressive and successful manner, showing the skill of the guiding hand. That they are maintaining their past reputation with the strongest evidence of growth and increase in the future is certainly creditable to the able young superintendent, Mr. A. C. Moyer, who, by the way, has been connected with the institution a great many years and thoroughly understands all the details of the business.

### A Candy Fair.

The Y. W. C. T. U., one of the particular useful organizations of this town, will have a candy fair in their parlors in Crider's building on Friday afternoon and evening of this week, February 24. It will begin at 3 o'clock and will continue throughout the evening until all the candy is disposed of. The young ladies propose having a great variety of the sweet article, from the finest French candy to the old-fashioned home-made hoarhound candy. The young ladies understand thoroughly the art of making this condensed sweetness in its best and most tempting form. All of it will be not only delicious but thoroughly healthful.

In addition to the candy there will be a great deal of fun, which will richly entertain all who visit the parlors. It will be a delightful entertainment. Do not miss it.

### New Coal Development.

We have reliable information that T. M. Estep, of Osceola, has recently secured the Fulton and Kephart properties, near Coal Run, in Clearfield county, and opened thereon the E or Moshannon vein of coal, at a thickness of five feet ten inches. Mr. Estep will proceed to open a drift and operate the coal at once, unless a tempting offer should be made by other operators, in which case it is possible he may sell out and enrich some rival coal king.

The coal on the lands was long ago located by Scott & Kizer, but owing to a geological dispute, the vein was not shown up in its best condition until opened by Mr. Estep, who now has full command of the situation and will push the enterprise for all it is worth. Tom has a good thing if he has the pluck to hold fast to it.—*Tyrone Herald.*

—The direct origin of the cold wave, like that of the tornado is shrouded in mystery. As a rule, they seem to originate in the northwest of the Rocky mountains. It is also well established that they are preceded by an inrush of cold air from the regions of perpetual snow and ice in the North. But why that region should be more disposed to permit a rush of cold air from the north pole, taking the form of a blizzard, than any other section is the mystery, unless it be the greater condensation that takes place there in the Rocky mountains.

### Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Harry Keller, of Harrisburg, is at present visiting at his home here.

Miss Blanche Kunes, of Eagleville, is visiting the Misses Hogan in Renovo.

Miss Mary Fleck, of Philipsburg, is a guest at the home of Mr. James Schofield.

James Kinsloe, the telegraph operator at East Tyrone, was in Bellefonte on Monday.

Miss Nellie Kline, of this place, is at present the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. C. Brew, in Tyrone.

Samuel Reynolds, Esq., of Lancaster, spent Sunday with his brother, Major Wm. F. Reynolds, here.

Rev. Swengle, of Millheim, is suffering from the effect of impaired health caused by overwork during the winter.

Mr. A. J. Griest, formerly county commissioner, has been ill with something like dyspepsia at his home in Unionville.

Capt. S. T. Moore and wife, formerly of Rochester, N. Y., are visiting at the handsome home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Aikens.

Rev. G. P. Sarvis reports to the *Conference News* that a grand meeting is in progress at Pleasant Gap There have been twenty-five conversions, ten still seeking.

Prof. George P. Bible, of the Lock Haven Normal School, assisted by others, will give an elocutionary entertainment in Renovo next Saturday evening.

We learn that Mr. Harry Hibler, son of Dr. Hibler, expects to remain in Bellefonte, having secured a position on the railroad here. He and his family formerly resided in Erie.

Major H. H. Benner and Captain S. H. Williams have returned home from Allentown, and Mr. William Jones gives a sigh of relief as he sees that they are none the worse for their experience.

Mrs. G. L. Potter, of this place, was one of the ladies who assisted in receiving on Thursday evening at a large and brilliant social gathering given by Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Chapman in Lock Haven.

Mr. Charles Frederick Brown, of the firm of H. A. Brown & Brother, carriage builders in Lock Haven, was married on Tuesday morning in that city to Miss Mary Mott, also of Lock Haven.

Mr. W. E. Hendrixson has succeeded Mr. Young in charge of Potter's livery stable. Mr. H. is an obliging, courteous young gentleman and knows all about horses, which will enable him to fill the position up to the pink of perfection.

Mr. Bing, of Philadelphia, a relative of Mr. Joseph Rodgers, of Milesburg, was his guest last week until Wednesday evening. His errand was a sad one—to attend the funeral of his aged relative, the late Joseph Rodgers, Sr., of Milesburg.

Miss Maggie Magee, the agreeable and accomplished daughter of H. L. Magee, of Magee's Mills, Clearfield county, is visiting friends in this place—spending part of the time at the home of Mrs. J. C. Weaver and part also with Mrs. H. H. Harshberger, both of whom reside on Penn street.

We gave ourself the pleasure on Tuesday, of making the acquaintance of Mr. Allen C. Swalley, the new secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and find him an admirable young gentleman for the position—cordial, intelligent and full enthusiasm. We believe and hope that he will be of much use among the young men of Bellefonte.

Miss Nora Showalter, of Philipsburg, is at present visiting in this place, the guest of Misses Sallie and Maggie Shivery, of Allegheny street. The young lady is one of Philipsburg's most accomplished young ladies and during her stay among her numerous friends here they will make it very pleasant for her. We are glad to hear that she is delighted with Bellefonte. She has seen all the notable attractions of the borough, industrial, educational and social, and her opinion is very complimentary.

—Every inducement exists to lead you to go the candy fair on Friday in the parlors of the Y. W. C. T. U. The young ladies are even now engaged in manufacturing the candy and it will include the most positively delicious specimens of the kind ever offered for sale in Bellefonte. It will be reasonable in price. The young ladies do not charge any admission and will warmly welcome all who will be present. The entertainment offered for the benefit of those who are there will be very amusing and will of itself be a great attraction. The fair will begin at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

—The new opera house in Altoona will be dedicated on the 29th of this month. The Emma Abbott Grand English Opera Company will be in Altoona for that purpose, remaining there on the 1st, 2d and 3d of March. As this will be an event of note in the amusement line it is likely that some persons from Bellefonte will go to Altoona to hear the famous operatic star.

**An Unparalleled Offer.**

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1.—REPUBLICAN, 1 year | $2.00 |
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Address REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa.

### Spring Township.

The following nominations were made on Saturday afternoon by Spring township Republicans:

*Judge of the Election*—David Rhinesmith.

*Inspector*—Foster Jodon.

*Justices of the Peace*—Perry Steele, M. P. Weaver.

*School Directors*—Reuben Kaup, William Raymond.

*Poor Overseer*—Albert Smeltzer.

*Supervisors*—Cameron Burnside, Isaac Dawson.

*Assessor*—M. F. Riddle.

*Collector*—Anthony Dusling.

*Treasurer*—James Alexander.

*Constable*—J. H. Oliger.

*Auditor*—E. K. Keller.

*Clerk*—J. G. Dubbs.

**Pleased with His Insurance.**

BELLEFONTE, PA., Feb. 17, 1888.

Weaver & Dinges,
District Agents,
Gentlemen:

The way your Pacific Accident Insurance Company does business, must certainly commend it to every one. Within three days from time of sending in my claim for injuries the money was paid to me.

That is the kind of Insurance a man needs. No one can make a mistake in taking Insurance in your most excellent company. Yours truly,

WM. HOGARTH,
Boiler Maker.
Bellefonte Boiler Works

—A great many events happened on Friday and although Saturday's DAILY NEWS was filled with accounts of them one escaped notice—James McCafferty's thrilling adventure on Reservoir hill. He was driving along in his local express wagon and crossed Allegheny street at its juncture with Logan. At least, he tried to cross, but the wagon began slipping down Allegheny street. It could not be stopped and descended the entire distance to Bishop dragging the horse after it and Mr. McCafferty still in the wagon. The situation was quite thrilling. The horse was slightly injured and the wagon sustained some damage.

—Sunday was in some respects quite a missionary day in the Presbyterian church. Rev. Mr. Woodside, a missionary from India occupied the day in narrating his missionary experiences. He talked an hour in the morning without wearying his auditors, then he spoke to the Sunday-school in the afternoon and in the evening gave an address especially interesting to the ladies. He was the most interesting missionary who has spoken in that church for a long time. Rev. Mr. Woodside has been in this country since October and expects to depart for India again next month. His experience there has been very extensive.

—In regard to the coffee cart to be purchased by the W. C. T. U., it is to be a public benefit and hence the public spirited persons should aid in its purchase. Please remember that the W. C. T. U. purchased and placed in position the fountain in the Diamond and it has done the town a great deal of good. The coffee cart will be on a par with the fountain in its general public usefulness. A gentleman has offered to be responsible for the purchase of the tins. The ladies will be pleased to receive other contributions, which may be handed to either Mr. Isaac Mitchell or Mr. John P. Harris.

—The Y. W. C. T. U., of Eagleville, will give a dramatic performance on Saturday evening, March 3, in Kunes' new hall in that place. The drama will be "The Stolen Will," which was given at State College some time ago and was considered excellent. The principle characters will be represented by very good talent and an excellent entertainment is anticipated. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the Y. W. C. T. U. of Eagleville. The dramatic personæ will be given next week.

## MARRIED.

PARKS—KLINE.—At the residence of Rev. D S. Monroe, D. D., on Sunday morning February 12, James Parks and Angeline Kline, both of this place.

LIDDICK—FRYE.—On the 9th of February, by W. J. Thompson, J. P., John H. Liddick and Miss Annie A. Frye, near Potters Mills.

MAIZE—MUSSER.—On the 12th inst., at the residence of Christ Woodling in Haines township, by Rev. J. G. M. Swengle, Mr. Adam P. Maize, of Millheim, and Miss Chestie Musser, of Coburn.